

*"Movers & Shakers" – First Virtual Meetup 2021  
Organised by RaspberryShake S.A.  
8 April, COVID year II*

Thomas Lecocq

# MOVERS SHAKERS

Citizens are Scientists

Pitch

Contact:

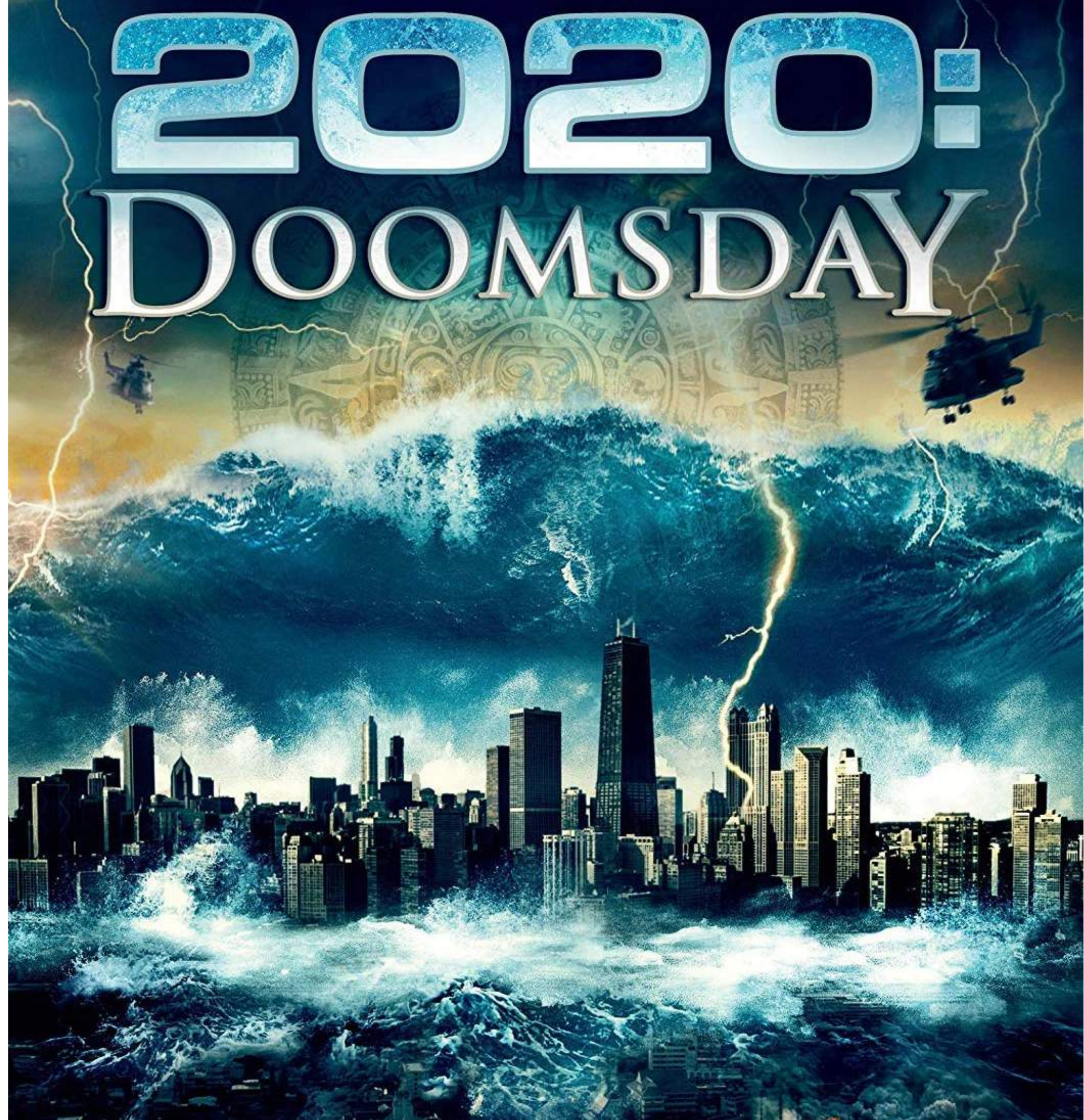
@seismotom

Royal Observatory of Belgium



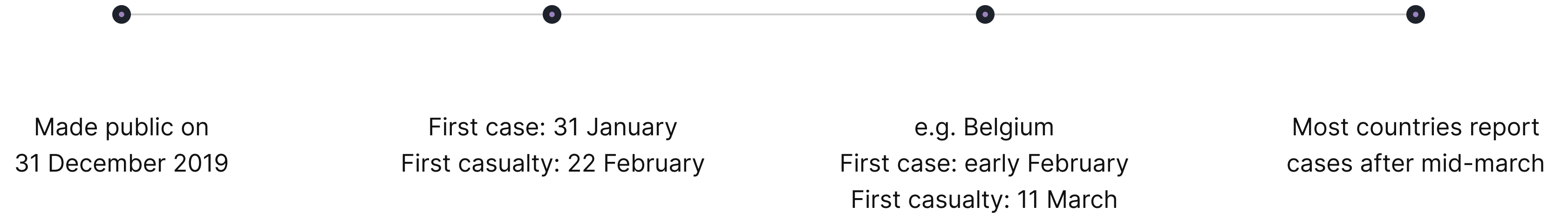
# 2020

*The year Hollywood proved "true"?*





# COVID-19 TIMELINE



<STARTDATE>2020-03-11</STARTDATE>

***"WE HAVE THEREFORE MADE THE ASSESSMENT  
THAT COVID-19 CAN BE CHARACTERIZED  
AS A PANDEMIC"***

**WHO DIRECTOR-GENERAL'S OPENING REMARKS  
AT THE MEDIA BRIEFING ON COVID-19**

# LOCKDOWN MEASURES

## #STAYHOME #SAVELIVES

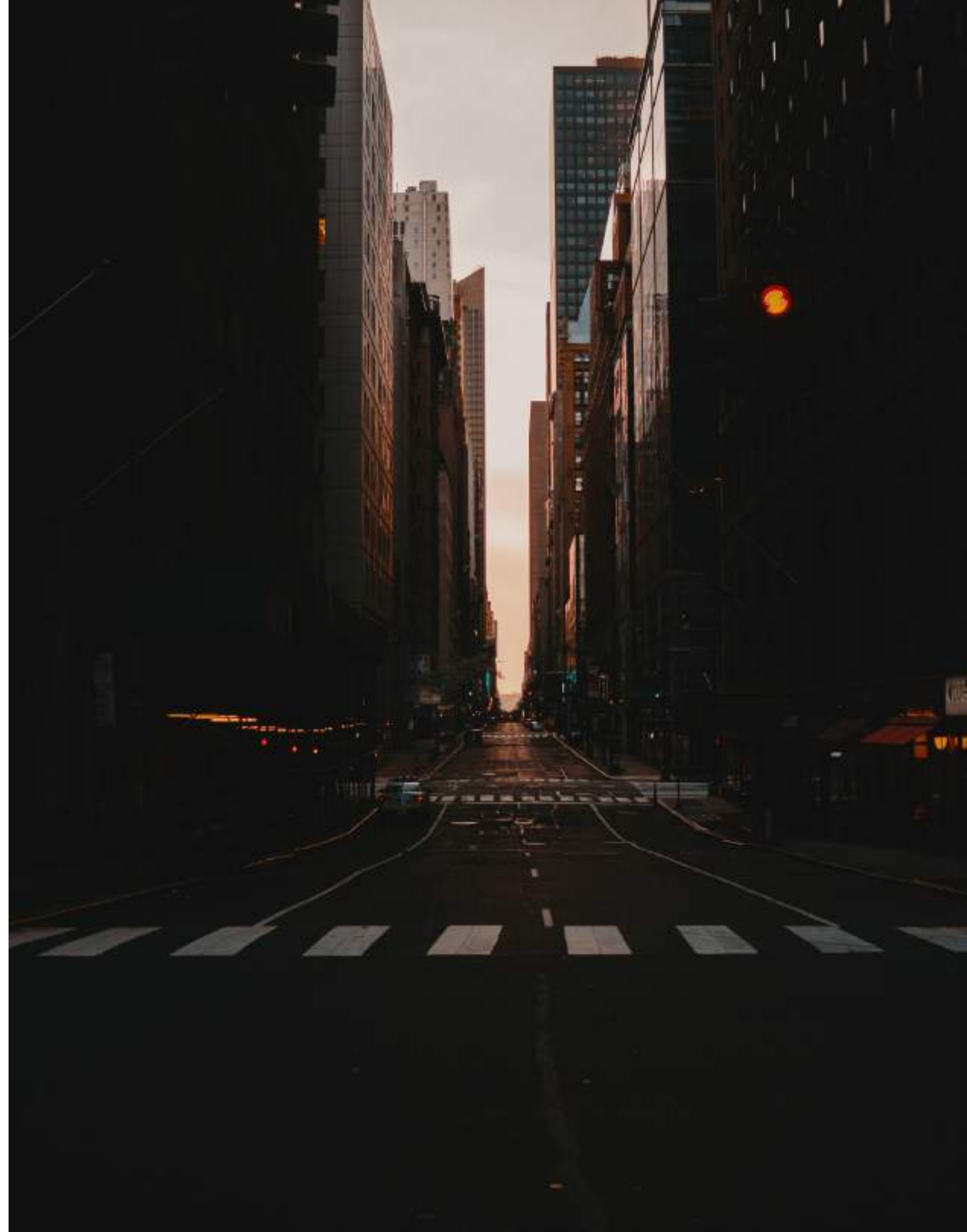


The streets are empty

Public transport is maintained, sometimes only reduced

Telework encouraged when possible

*The world discovers who "Essential Workers" are...*





LOCKDOWN





# WHAT HAPPENS WHEN HUMANS STOP?

We have a strong impact on the environment, at **all** spatial and temporal **scales**.  
From **local** to **global** effects, from the **instant** to the **centuries**.

When humans act, the environment reacts.

# SEISMOLOGISTS DON'T (*DIDN'T*) LIKE NOISE...

## NOISE ALTERS SEISMOGRAMS READINGS

Since the early ages of seismology, scientists search for the quietest environments for installing their increasingly sensitive instruments. Seismic networks try to favour remote or rural stations to minimise the impact of human-generated seismic noise.

## NOISE IS EVERYWHERE

"Noise", or "Continuous ground vibrations recorded by seismometers" have different origins. The oceans are responsible for a large part of the long-period noise. Humans are often the major culprit for high frequency noise.

## NOISE OR "AMBIENT SEISMIC WAVEFIELD" IS USEFUL

Used and studied since 1900, "seismic noise" has been *à la mode* since early 2000 when scientists showed the richness of the information stored in the continuous coherent wavefield recorded at two distinct locations.





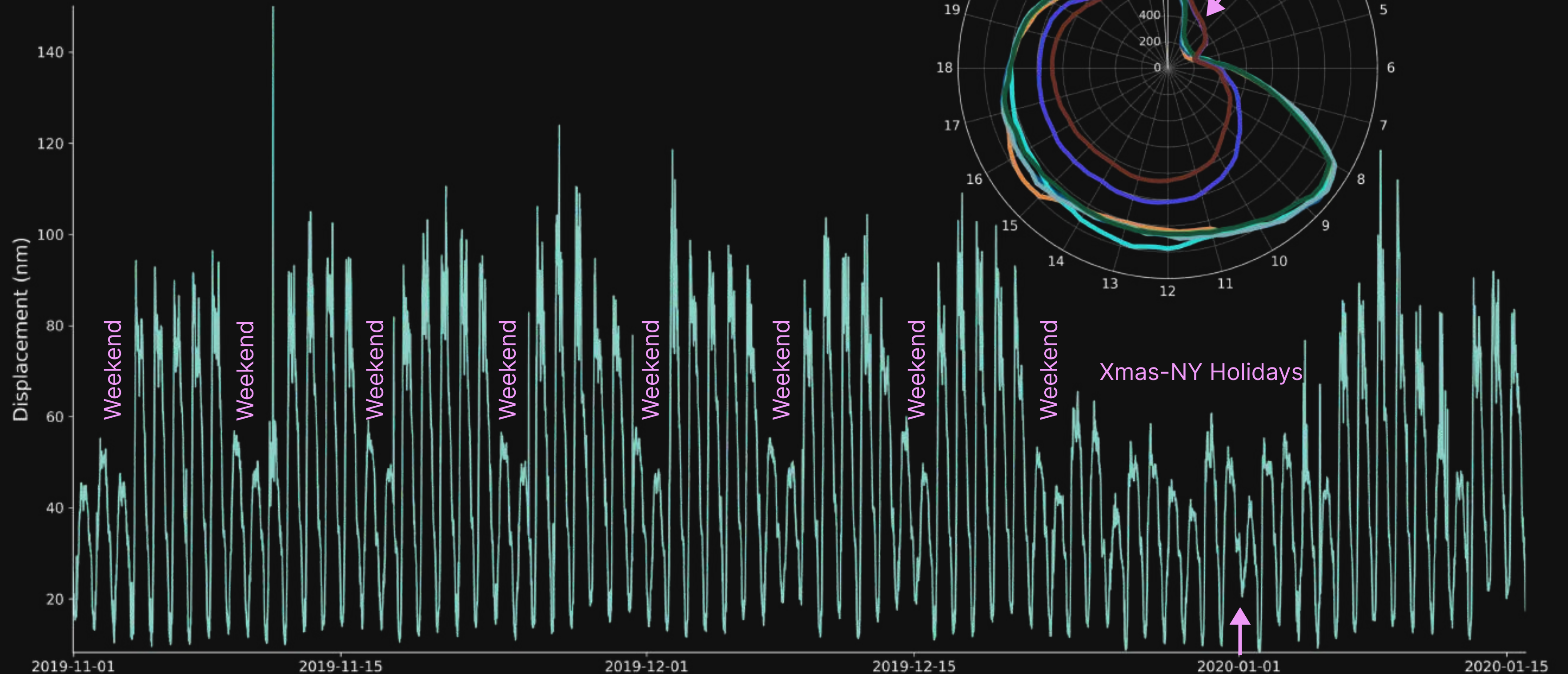
# HOW DO WE KNOW?

We are culprit for high frequency noise ?



# HIGH FREQUENCY NOISE & HUMANS

How do we know we are guilty?

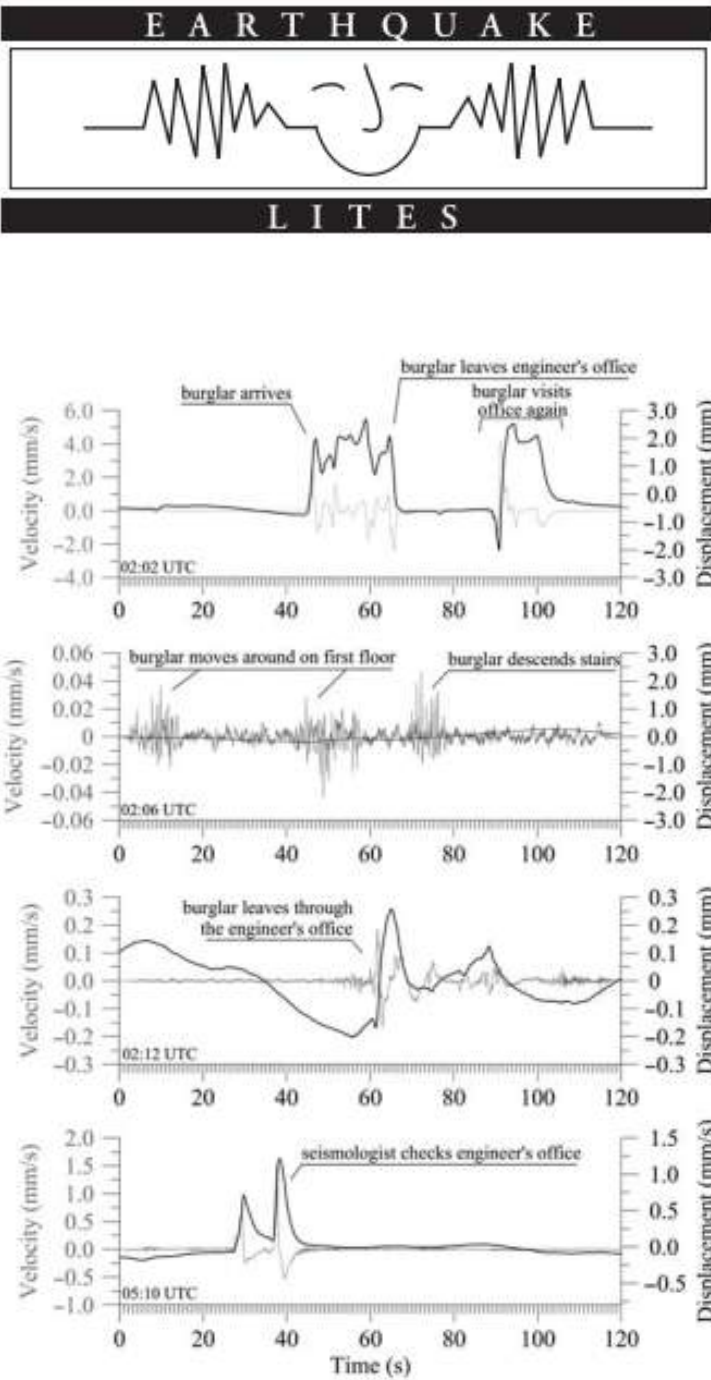
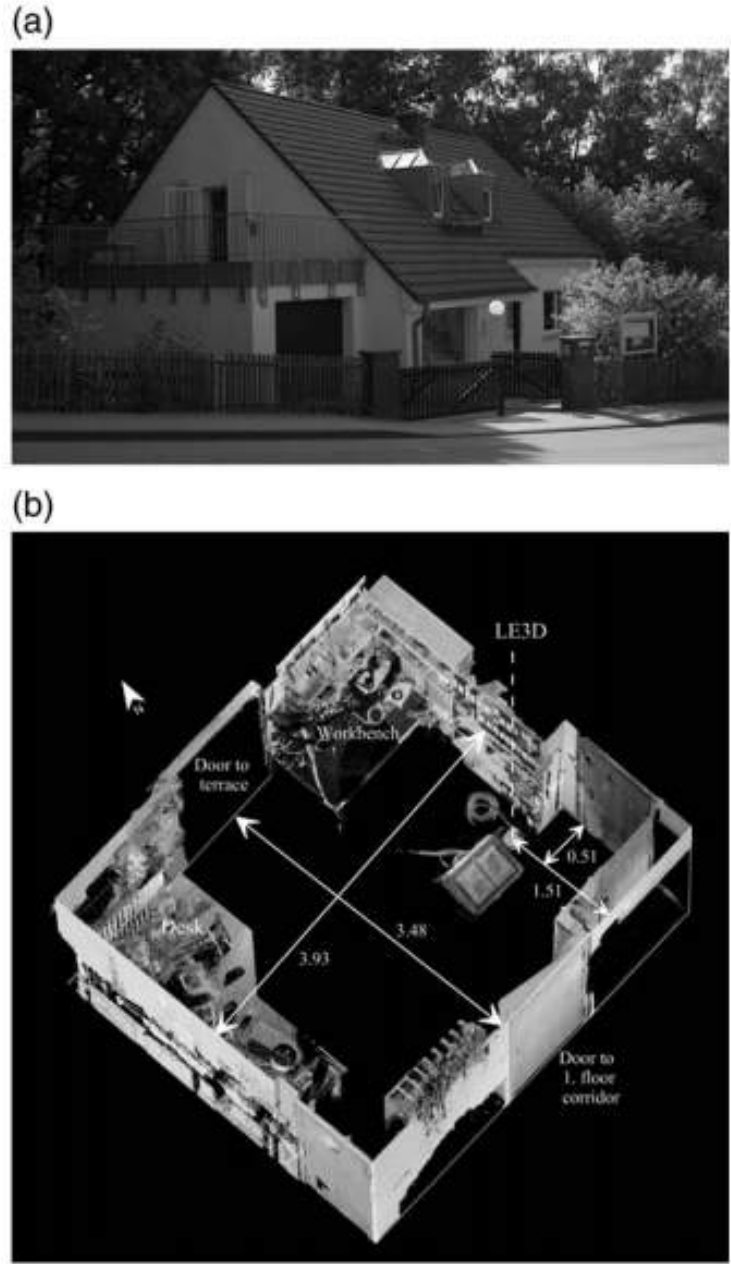




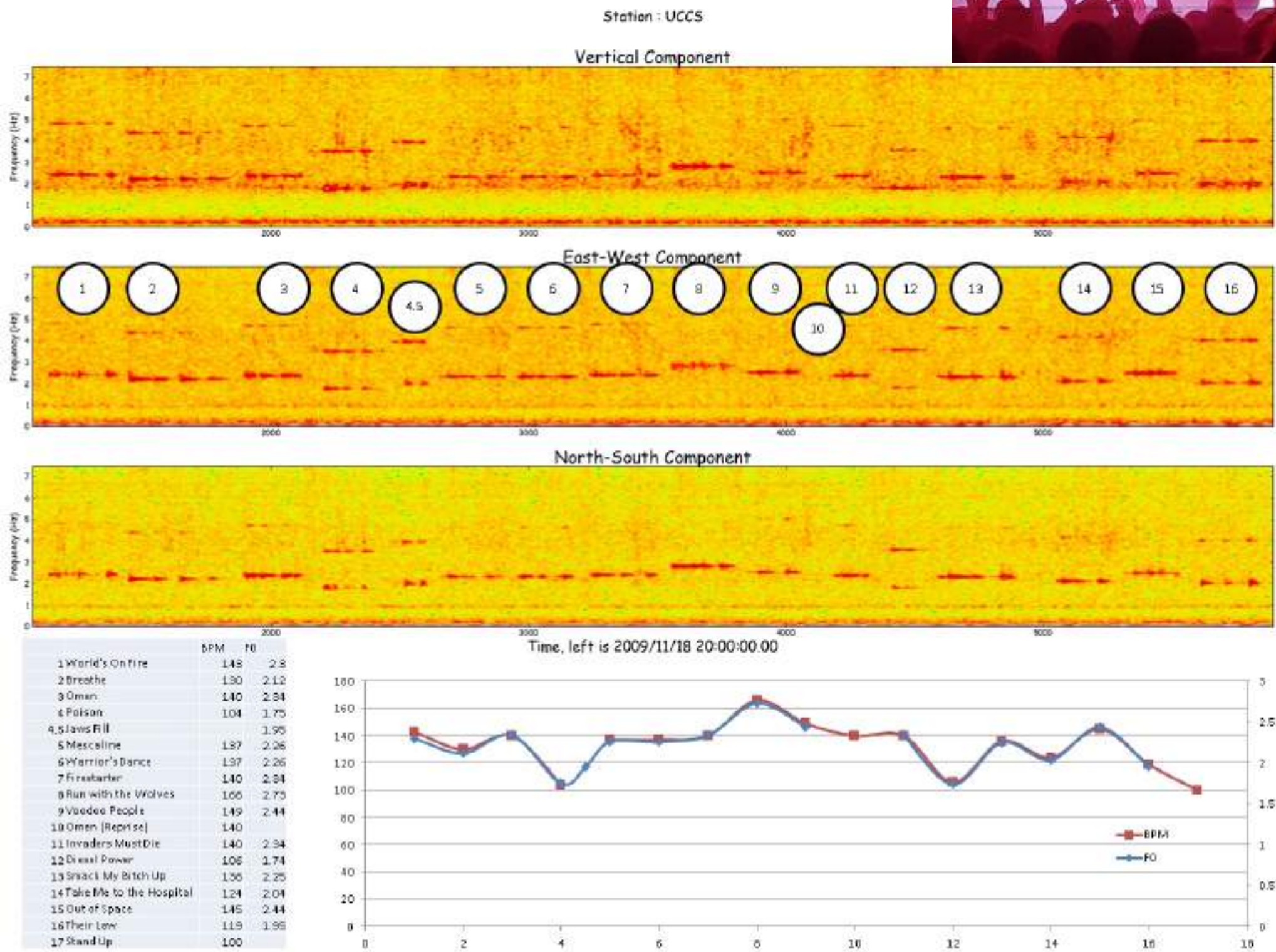
# SEISMOLOGISTS ARE WATCHING YOU (AND IT'S FUN)



## Analysis of a Burglaram



▲ **Figure 2.** Four seismograms recorded in the engineer's office (Fig. 1) of the Bensberg seismological station on 14 August 2015, during and after a burglary. The gray and black traces give the velocity and displacement of the east-west component from a 1 s transducer on the floor. The starting time of each seismogram is given in the lower left corner of the graphs.



Lecocq et al, "The Prodigy World Seismic Tour", unpublished but regularly presented since 2009



# SEISMOLOGISTS ARE WATCHING YOU (AND IT'S SCARY)

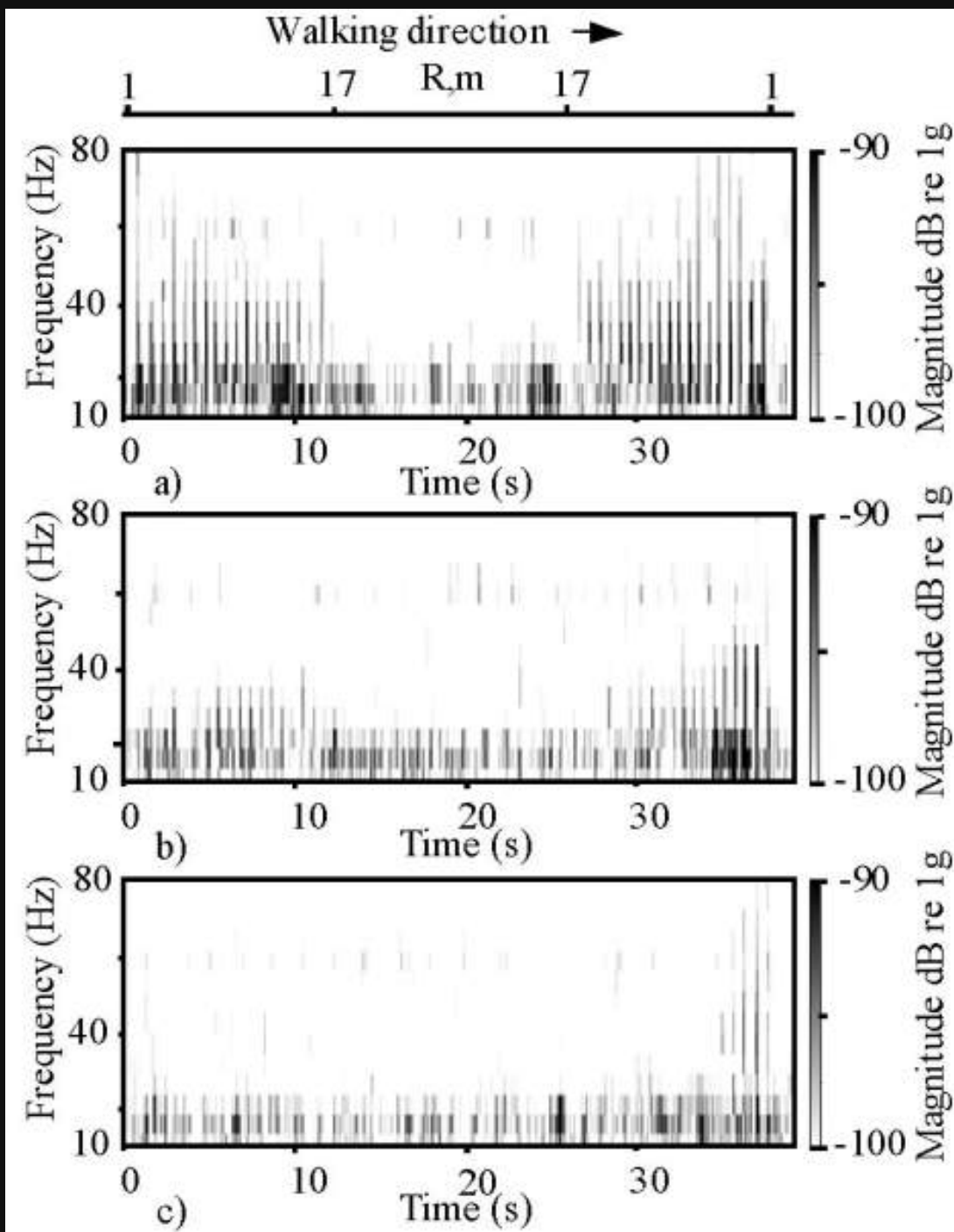


Figure 1. Footstep vibration signatures of regular (a), soft (b) and stealthy (c) footsteps on grassy ground on UM campus.

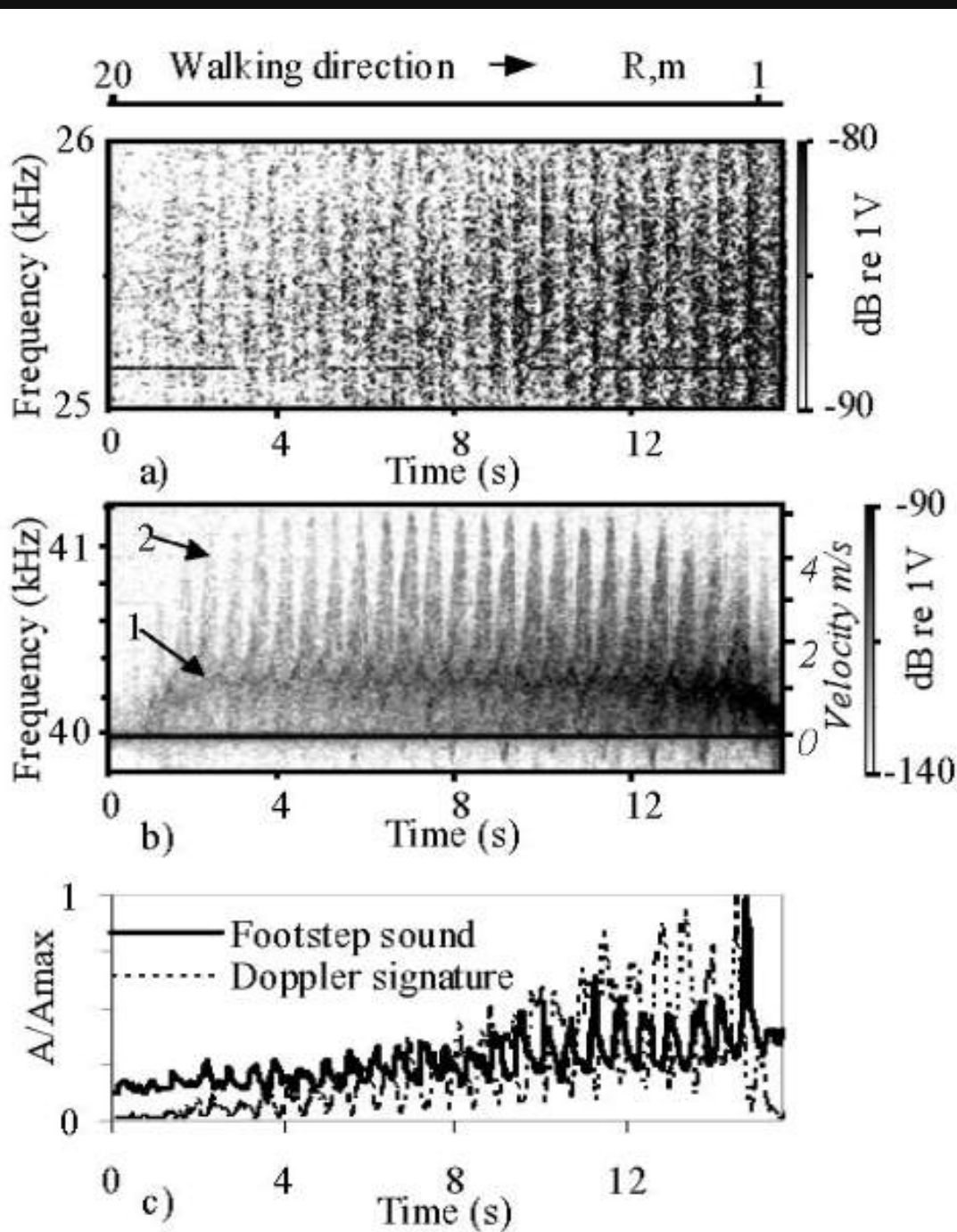


Figure 4. Human signatures, (a) footstep sound signature and (b) Doppler signature, and (c) normalized BPF signals corresponding to the passive and Doppler signals. The torso motion is #1, the leg and arm motion is #2.

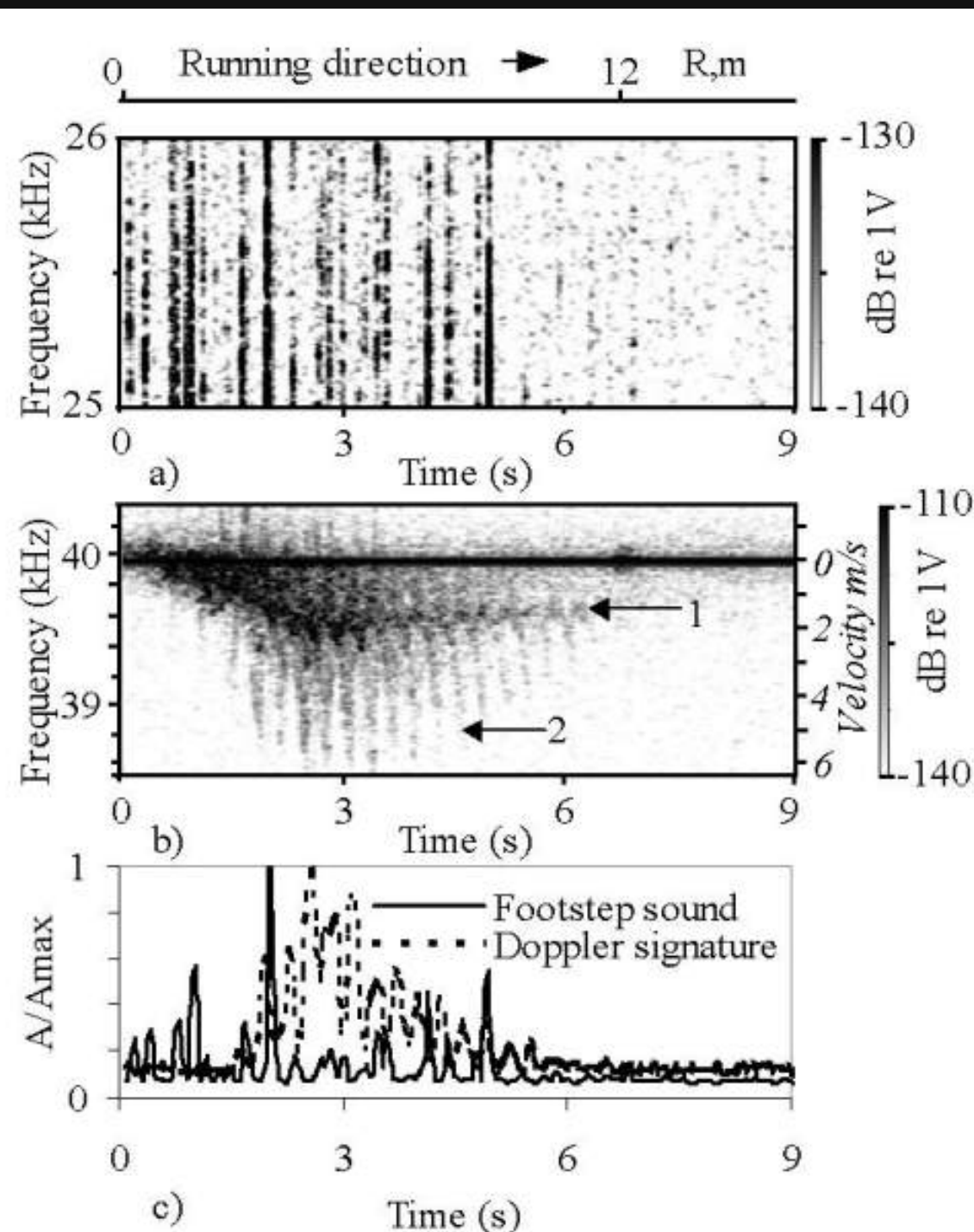


Figure 6. A dog passive (a) and the Doppler (b) signatures, and (c) normalized BPF signals. The torso motion is #1; the legs motion is #2.





Thomas Lecocq @seismotom · 20 mars

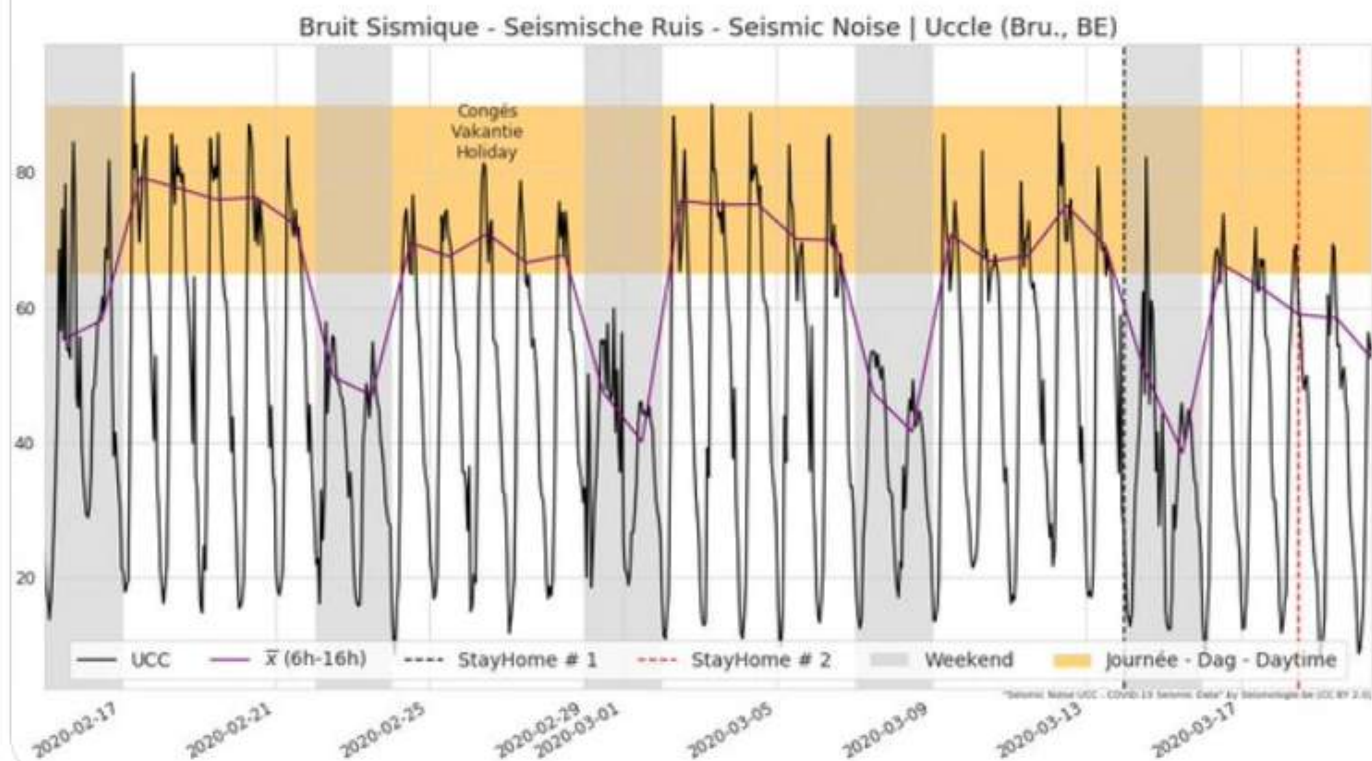
The virus won't stop the noise (but ok, lower the anthropogenic contribution...). @matplotlib @obspsy @ProjectJupyter powered!



Seismologie.be @Seismologie\_be · 20 mars

Our staff is teleworking. The earth continues shaking. Ground movements at frequencies 1-20 Hz, mainly due to human activity (cars, trains, industries,...) are much lower since the implementation of the containment measures by the government. #StayHome @ibzbe @CrisiscenterBE

[Afficher cette discussion](#)



# SO WHEN WE PACED DOWN...

We knew the noise would go down after March 15  
and even more after the 18th (strictest measures)

we were all teleworking

for some, it was the first time

...



AND IT WENT...  
VIRAL  
WHEN RELAYED BY GIZMODO

GIZMODO

We come from the future



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109

FIELD GUIDE

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EARTH SCIENCE

## Seismometers Worldwide Detect Decrease in Human Activity Amid Coronavirus Lockdowns



Ryan F. Mandelbaum

3/27/20 12:50PM • Filed to: SEISMOLOGY



5



1



The plaza in front of the Lincoln Memorial in Washington D.C. is empty on March 17, 2020.

Photo: Win McNamee (Getty Images)

Seismometers around the world are recording the decreased seismic activity resulting from people staying home amid covid-19 social distancing orders.

These detectors measure seismic waves through Earth's crust, but they also pick up humans moving around, industry, and traffic in the form of higher-frequency noise patterns. Amid stay-at-home orders, Royal Observatory of Belgium geologist and seismologist Thomas Lecocq decided to look at the Royal

English Channel

London

NETHERLANDS

Amsterdam

Rotterdam

Antwerp

Brussels

BELGIUM

Lille

Pitch



NEWS • 31 MARCH 2020

## Coronavirus lockdowns have changed the way Earth moves

A reduction in seismic noise because of changes in human activity is a boon for geoscientists.

Coronavirus World UK Environment **Science** Global development Football Tech More

Technology

## Lockdown has cut Britain's vibrations, seismologists find

Mercredi 8 avril 2020 | Dernière mise à jour 21:54

REPORTER MOBILE

lematin.ch

SUISSE SPORTS FAITS DIVERS MONDE PEOPLE LOISIRS ÉCONOMIE SOCIÉTÉ AUTO

SCIENCES ENVIRONNEMENT IMAGES

## SCIENCE À CAUSE DU CORONAVIRUS, LA TERRE TREMBLE MOINS

L'homme se déplaçant moins sur la surface de la planète, le bruit de fond sismique qu'il provoque s'atténue sensiblement. Même en Suisse.

SCIENCE | CORONAVIRUS COVERAGE

## These charts show how 'quieted' the world

As people stopped commuting and traveling, seismologists tracked the change.

The Atlantic

SCIENCE

## The Pandemic Is Turning the World Upside Down

Widespread social-distancing measures have produced effects across land, air, and sea.

MARINA KOREN APRIL 2, 2020

GIZMODO

Las últimas noticias en tecnología, ciencia y cultura digital

LATEST CIENCIA ESPACIO TECNOLOGÍA HISTORIAS CINE Y SERIES JUEGOS

CIENCIA

## Sismógrafos en todo el mundo muestran una disminución de la actividad humana debido a la crisis del coronavirus



Ryan F. Mandelbaum  
3/28/20 4:22PM • Filed to: CORONAVIRUS

## The coronavirus pandemic is making Earth vibrate less



By Harmeet Kaur, CNN

Updated 1700 GMT (0100 HKT) April 3, 2020



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## Coronavirus lockdowns worldwide make Earth's crust move less, scientists find

"We can probably learn a lesson here for other parts of the environment," says seismologist

Jane Dalton | @JournoJane | 5 days ago

Coronavirus lockdowns around the world are making the Earth move less, scientists have discovered.

Spektrum.de

MAGAZINE | ARCHIV | ABO/SI

SUCHE

ASTRONOMIE | BIOLOGIE | CHEMIE | ERDE/UMWELT | IT/TECH | KULTUR | MATHEMATIK | MEDIZIN | PHYSIK | PSYCHOLOGIE

Startseite > Erde/Umwelt > Coronavirus: Pandemie lässt Erde weniger stark beben

CORONAVIRUS

## Pandemie lässt Erde weniger stark beben

Normalerweise stören Züge, Schwerlasttransporte und Industrieanlagen seismologische Messungen. Nun stehen sie größtenteils still - eine Chance für Geologen.



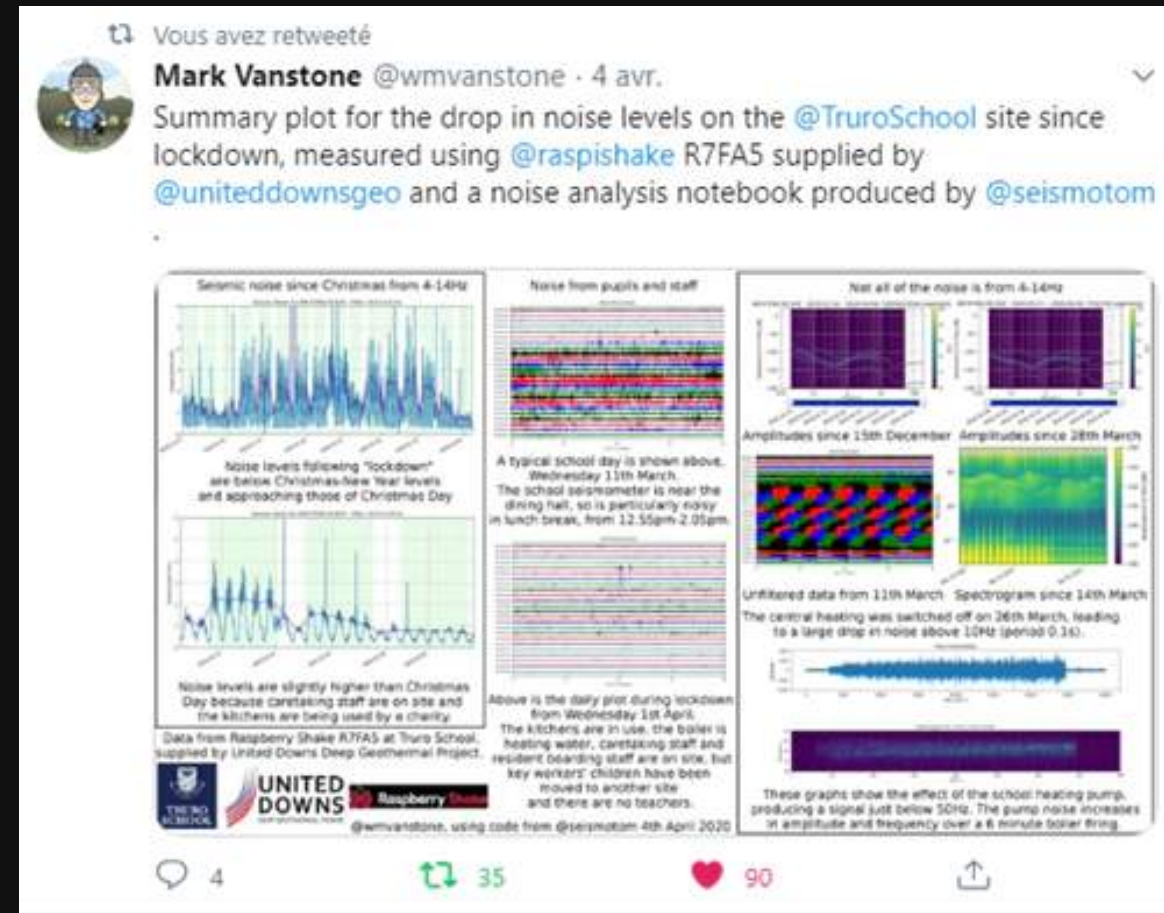
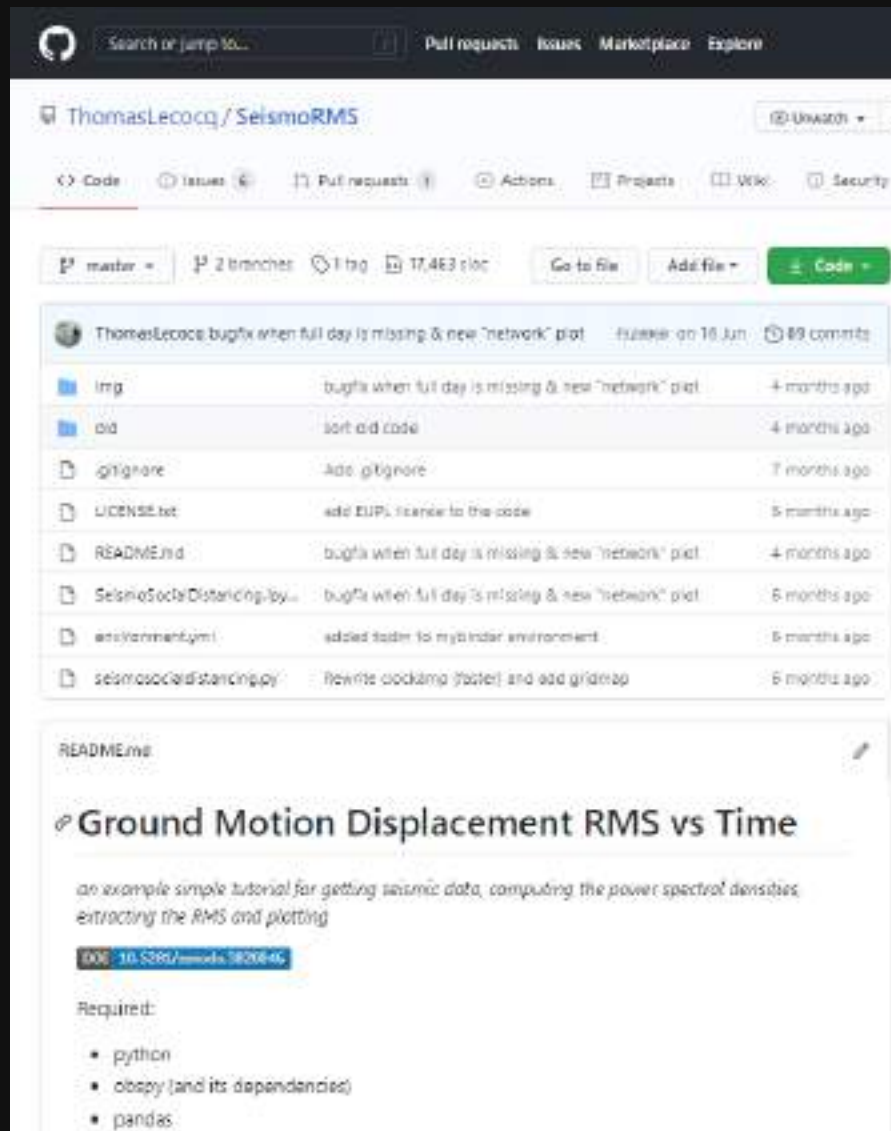


# LOCKED DOWN

but **free** to collaborate



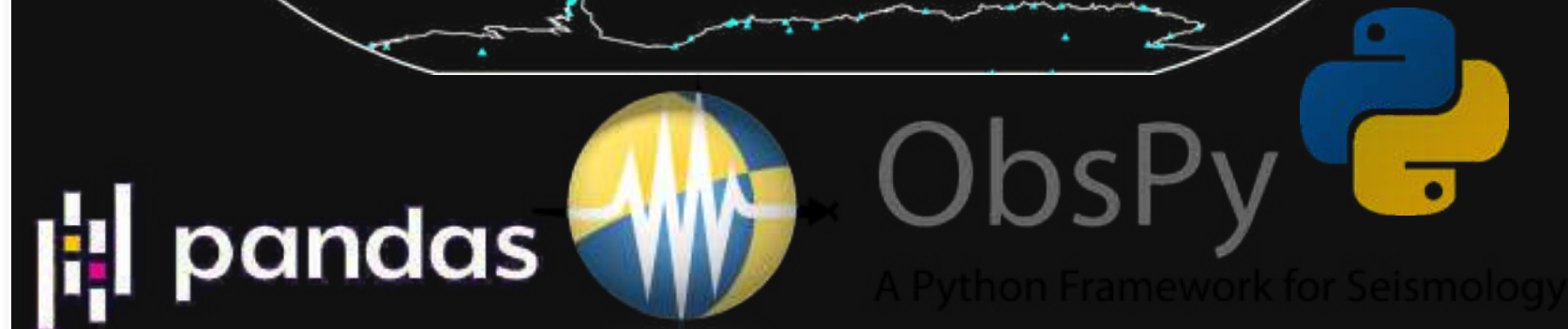
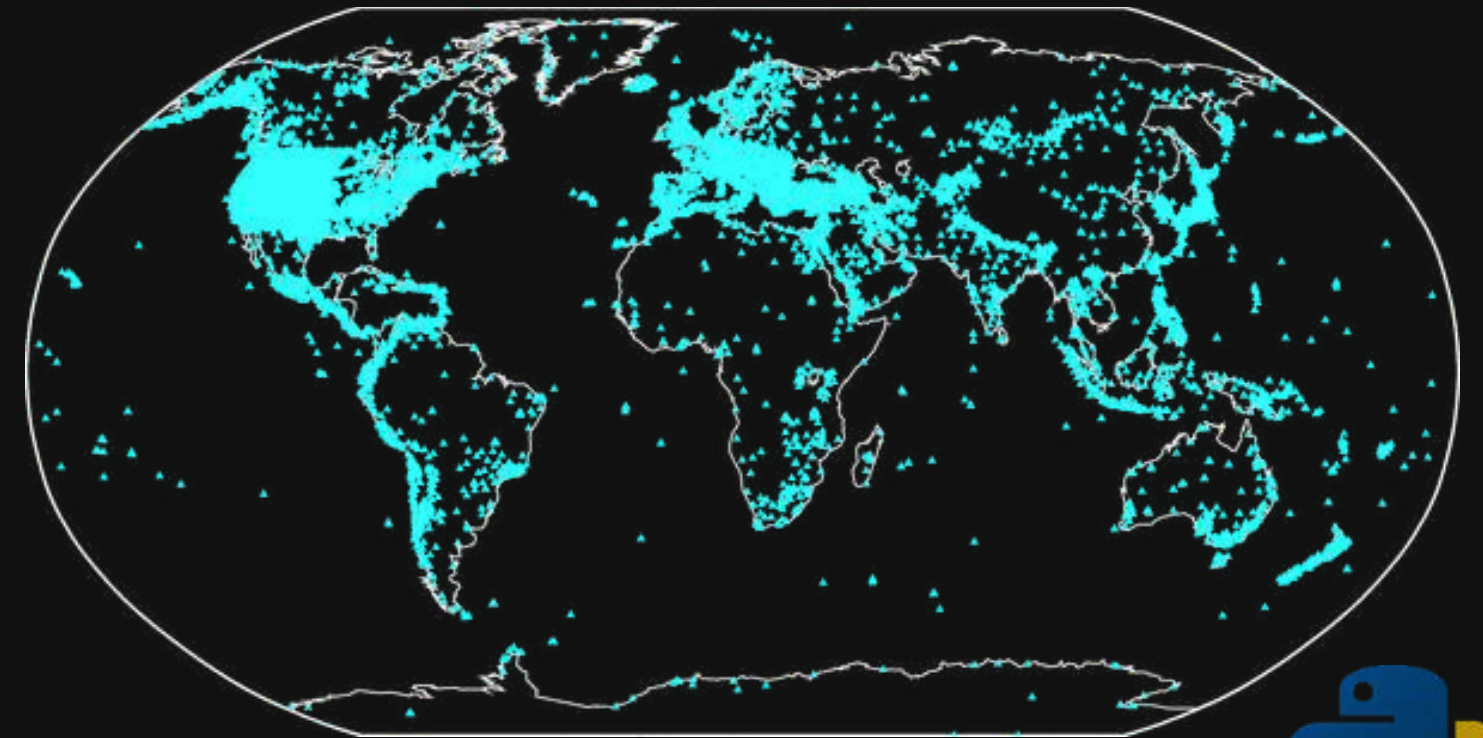
# OPEN SOURCING THE CODE



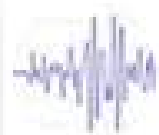
$$D_{pow}(f) = \frac{A_{pow}(f)}{(2\pi f)^2} = \frac{10^{\left(\frac{A_{dB}(f)}{10}\right)}}{(2\pi f)^2}$$

The RMS (root-mean-square) of the time-domain displacement ( $d_{rms}$ ), bandpassed between  $f_{min}$  and  $f_{max}$ , is related to the power spectral amplitude ( $D_{pow}$ ) by Parseval's identity:

$$d_{rms}(t) = \sqrt{\int_{f_{min}}^{f_{max}} D_{pow}(f) df}$$







Thomas Lecocq @seismotom · 1 avr.

Hey friends! Am usually not the kind to "surf" on hype, but this time, I think it's for good, what do you think to co-write this? This week :-)

@wmvanstone @GeoGinger @celestelabedz @SeisCROv @seismo\_koel  
@JDiazCusi @seismorost @raspishake @SeisCROv @seismo\_steve  
@Koen\_VanNoten

Social Seismology - The effect of "lockdown" measures on  
global seismic noise.

Lecocq, T.<sup>1</sup> and anyone who would like to join<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>*Seismology-Gravimetry, Royal Observatory of Belgium, 1180 Brussels, Belgium.*

<sup>2</sup>*Seismologists of the World*

April 1, 2020

Abstract



54



41



138



Tweeted on  
April 1st

Gathered  
101 people on Slack



# ISOLATED, BUT CONNECTED LIKE NEVER BEFORE...



**LockdownSeismology** #general 12 Announcements addressed to the entire company and information related to work 113

**LockdownSeismology**  
lockdownseismology.slack.com

Total messages: Upgrade to access your first 3.1k messages. See subscriptions 13k

Invite people to LockdownSeismology  
Create a channel


Preferences  
Settings & administration  
Tools

Sign out of LockdownSeismology


# hydrophone  
# infrasound  
# jhelpc  
# media  
# model  
# network  
# noisefeatureinterpretations  
# press-strategy  
# se\_specialissue\_coordination  
# topics  
# yeeeeeee  
+ Add channels

Direct messages  
Slackbot

**Jessica Irving** 15:49  
Nifty Eos article on the Social seismology session last week. <https://eos.org/articles/students-monitor-campus-noise-in-seismic-silence>  
Eos  
Students Monitor Campus Noise in Seismic Silence - Eos  
Researchers are engaging their students with low-cost seismology research to monitor local noise on campus. (170 kB) •  
Written by Anais Aristide Est. reading time 2 minutes

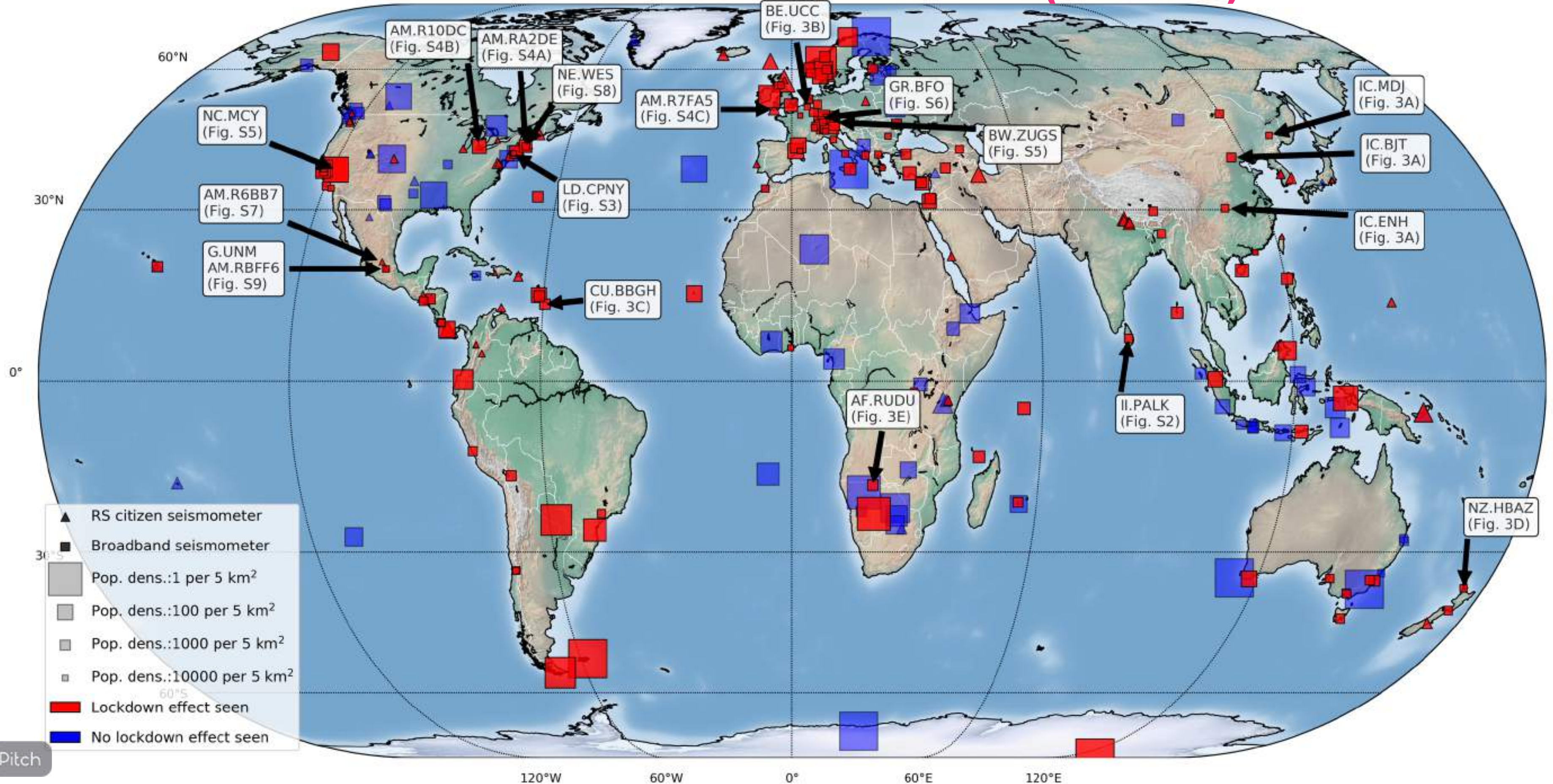


**Claudio Satriano** 15:57  
Also on Ars Technica! <https://arstechnica.com/science/2020/12/as-the-world-quieted-down-in-2020-raspberry-shakes-listened/>  
Ars Technica  
As the world quieted down in 2020, Raspberry Shakes listened  
Humble Raspberry Pis helped scientists track the seismic noise people stopped making in 2020. (59 kB) •





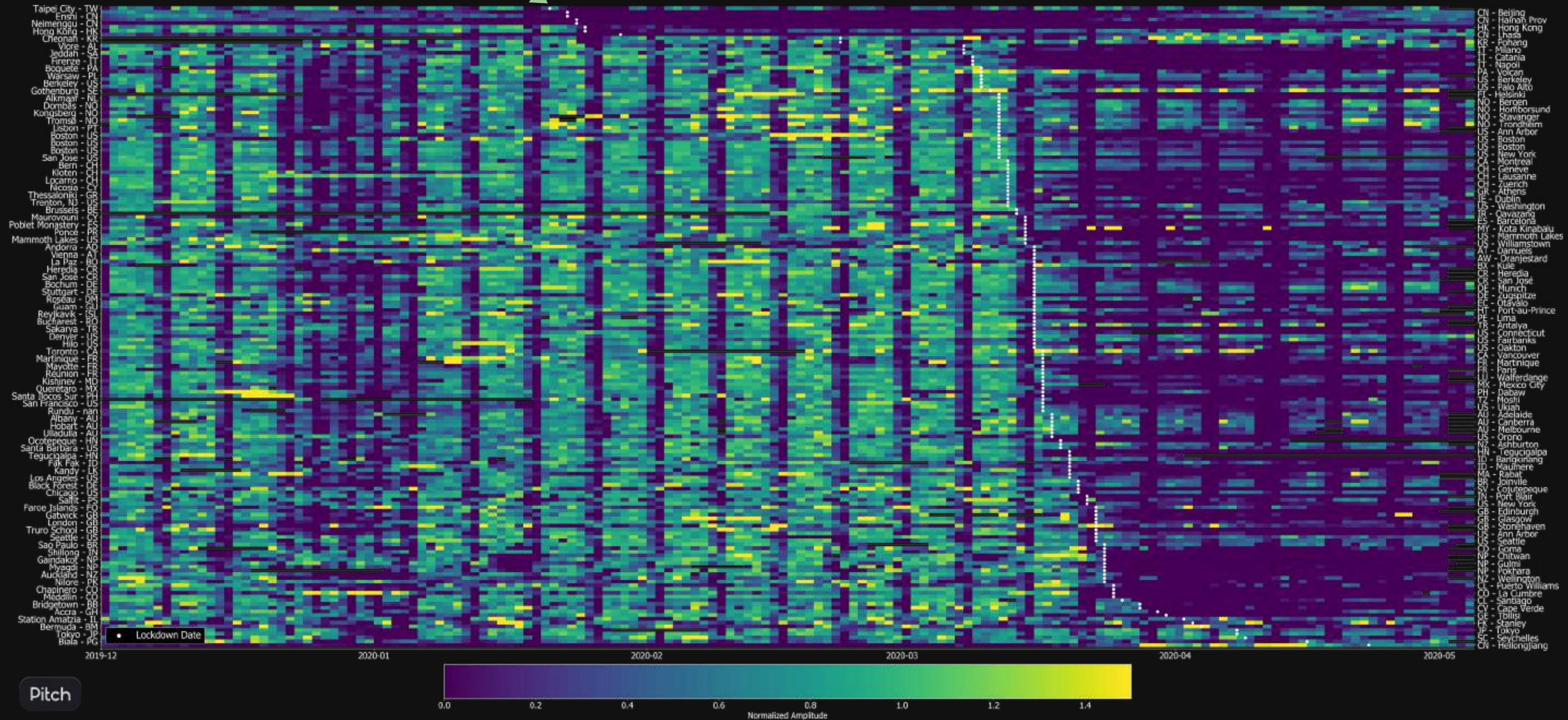
# 337 SEISMIC STATIONS PROCESSED ( $\approx 100$ RS)





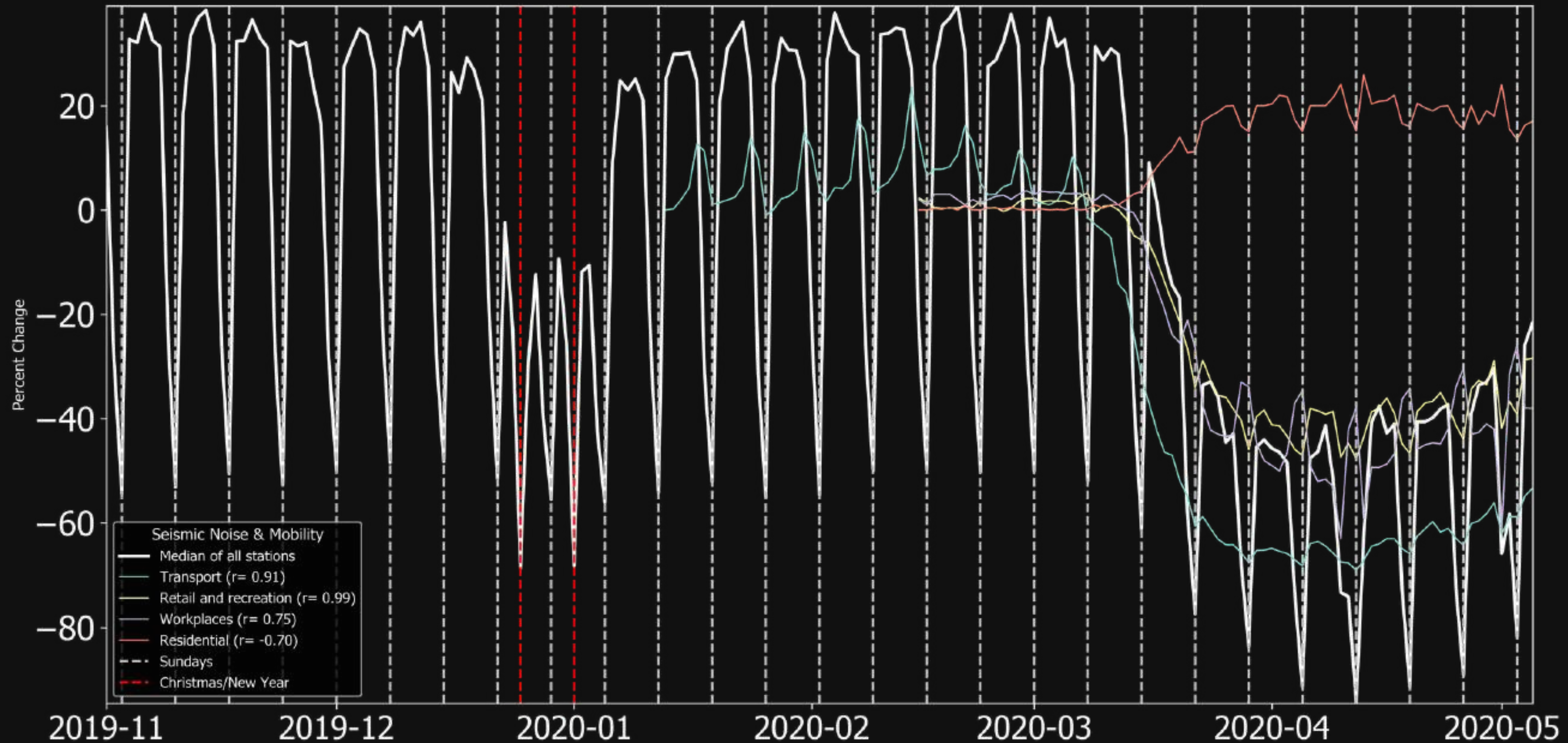
# 185 SEISMIC STATIONS WHERE LOCKDOWN IS VISIBLE

Start of Lockdowns





# MEDIAN OF 185 SEISMIC STATIONS VS 'SMARTPHONE' MOBILITY





# ONE PLANET ONE COMMUNITY

## Timing

1 April - 24 July 2020

## Numbers

6 months of data analysed for  
337 stations (> 100 RS!)  
or 62 682 days of seismic data  
or 5 415 724 800 seconds  
or 541 572 480 000 samples

processed with *one* code

76 authors

66 affiliations

25 countries

## Software

Code: Python

Community: Slack

Writing: Overleaf

Reviews: GoogleDocs

Pitch

## RESEARCH

### REPORT

#### SEISMOLOGY

## Global quieting of high-frequency seismic noise due to COVID-19 pandemic lockdown measures

Thomas Lecocq<sup>1\*</sup>, Stephen P. Hicks<sup>2</sup>, Koen Van Noten<sup>1</sup>, Kasper van Wijk<sup>3</sup>, Paula Koelemeijer<sup>4</sup>, Raphael S. M. De Plaen<sup>5</sup>, Frédéric Massin<sup>6</sup>, Gregor Hillers<sup>7</sup>, Robert E. Anthony<sup>8</sup>, Maria-Theresia Apoloner<sup>9</sup>, Mario Arroyo-Solórzano<sup>10</sup>, Jelle D. Assink<sup>11</sup>, Pinar Büyükkakpınar<sup>12,13</sup>, Andrea Cannata<sup>14,15</sup>, Flavio Cannavo<sup>15</sup>, Sebastian Carrasco<sup>16</sup>, Corentin Caudron<sup>17</sup>, Esteban J. Chaves<sup>18</sup>, David G. Cornwell<sup>19</sup>, David Craig<sup>20</sup>, Olivier F. C. den Ouden<sup>11,21</sup>, Jordi Diaz<sup>22</sup>, Stefanie Donner<sup>23</sup>, Christos P. Evangelidis<sup>24</sup>, Láslo Evers<sup>11,21</sup>, Benoit Fauville<sup>25</sup>, Gonzalo A. Fernandez<sup>26</sup>, Dimitrios Giannopoulos<sup>27,28</sup>, Steven J. Gibbons<sup>29</sup>, Tárilo Girona<sup>30</sup>, Bogdan Grecu<sup>31</sup>, Marc Grunberg<sup>32</sup>, György Hetényi<sup>33</sup>, Anna Horleston<sup>34</sup>, Adolfo Inza<sup>35</sup>, Jessica C. E. Irving<sup>34,36</sup>, Mohammadreza Jamalreyhani<sup>37,13</sup>, Alan Kafka<sup>38</sup>, Mathijs R. Koymans<sup>11,21</sup>, Celeste R. Labedz<sup>39</sup>, Eric Larose<sup>17</sup>, Nathaniel J. Lindsey<sup>40</sup>, Mika McKinnon<sup>41,42</sup>, Tobias Megies<sup>43</sup>, Meghan S. Miller<sup>44</sup>, William Minarik<sup>45,46</sup>, Louis Moresi<sup>44</sup>, Víctor H. Márquez-Ramírez<sup>5</sup>, Martin Möllhoff<sup>20</sup>, Ian M. Nesbitt<sup>47,48</sup>, Shankho Niyogi<sup>49</sup>, Javier Ojeda<sup>50</sup>, Adrien Oth<sup>51</sup>, Simon Proud<sup>52</sup>, Jay Pulli<sup>53,38</sup>, Lise Retailleau<sup>54,55</sup>, Annukka E. Rintamäki<sup>7</sup>, Claudio Satriano<sup>54</sup>, Martha K. Savage<sup>56</sup>, Shahar Shani-Kadmiel<sup>21</sup>, Reinoud Sleeman<sup>11</sup>, Efthimios Sokos<sup>57</sup>, Klaus Stammli<sup>23</sup>, Alexander E. Stott<sup>58</sup>, Shiba Subedi<sup>33</sup>, Mathilde B. Sørensen<sup>59</sup>, Taka'aki Taira<sup>60</sup>, Mar Tapia<sup>61</sup>, Fatih Turhan<sup>12</sup>, Ben van der Pluijm<sup>62</sup>, Mark Vanstone<sup>63</sup>, Jerome Vergne<sup>64</sup>, Tommi A. T. Vuorinen<sup>7</sup>, Tristram Warren<sup>65</sup>, Joachim Wassermann<sup>43</sup>, Han Xiao<sup>66</sup>

"Lecocq et al. exemplify seismological progress through best practices in scientific research: public data, open-access software and hardware, global cooperation, and **crowdsourcing of citizen-science projects**."

Denolle & Nissen-Meyer, Science 2020



# WHAT ELSE?

Numerous new studies, focussing on specific regions  
Like China, Italy, USA, Japan, Brazil...

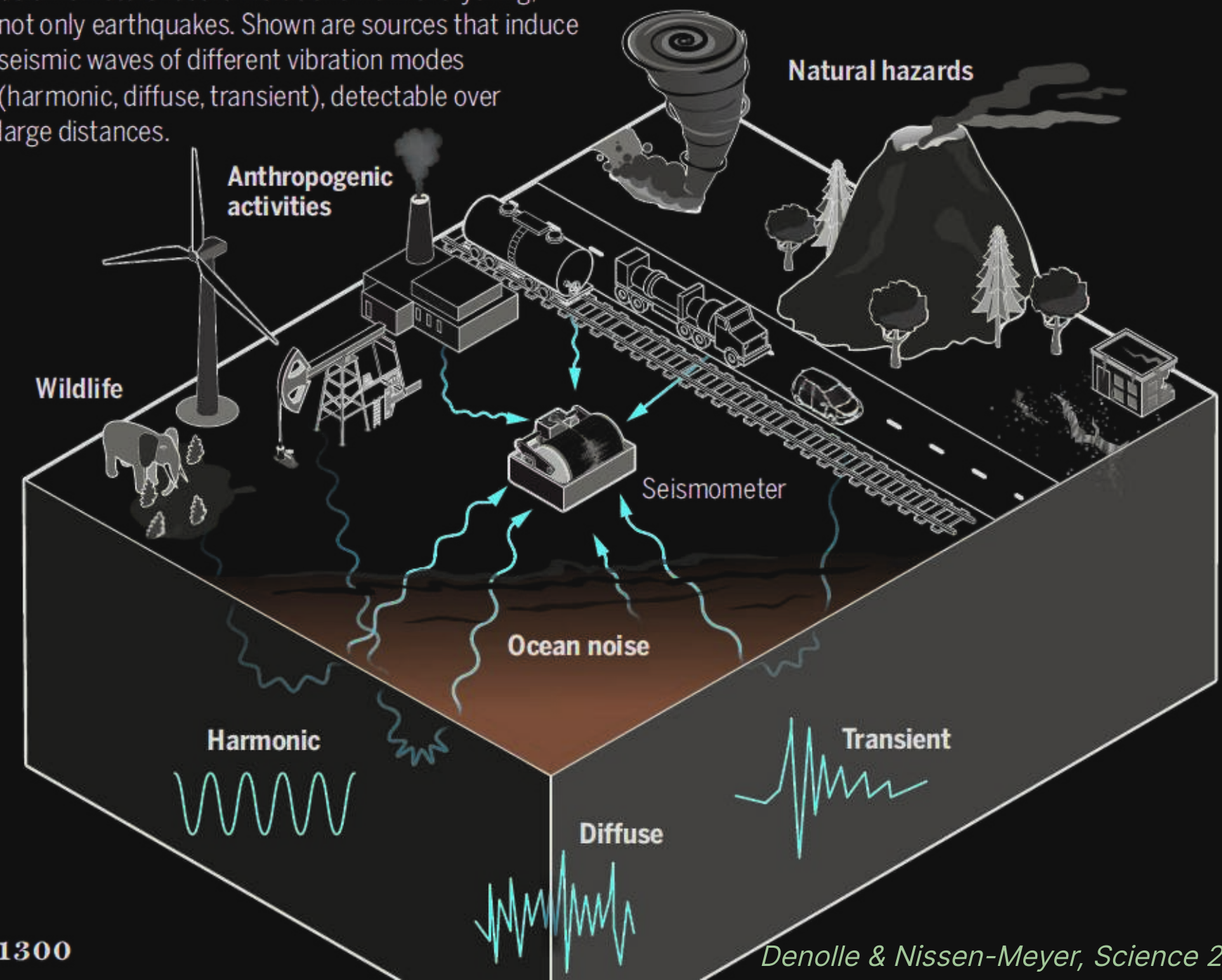
New methods: e.g. using "Dark Fibers" to monitor  
cars or pedestrians

# WHAT'S NEXT?

Study and understand "noise", even more  
Decipher anthropogenic contributions  
Understand how to improve our networks  
Link with other disciplines: sound, pollution, social, ...

## Humans and nature excite seismic waves

Seismometers record vibrations from everything, not only earthquakes. Shown are sources that induce seismic waves of different vibration modes (harmonic, diffuse, transient), detectable over large distances.







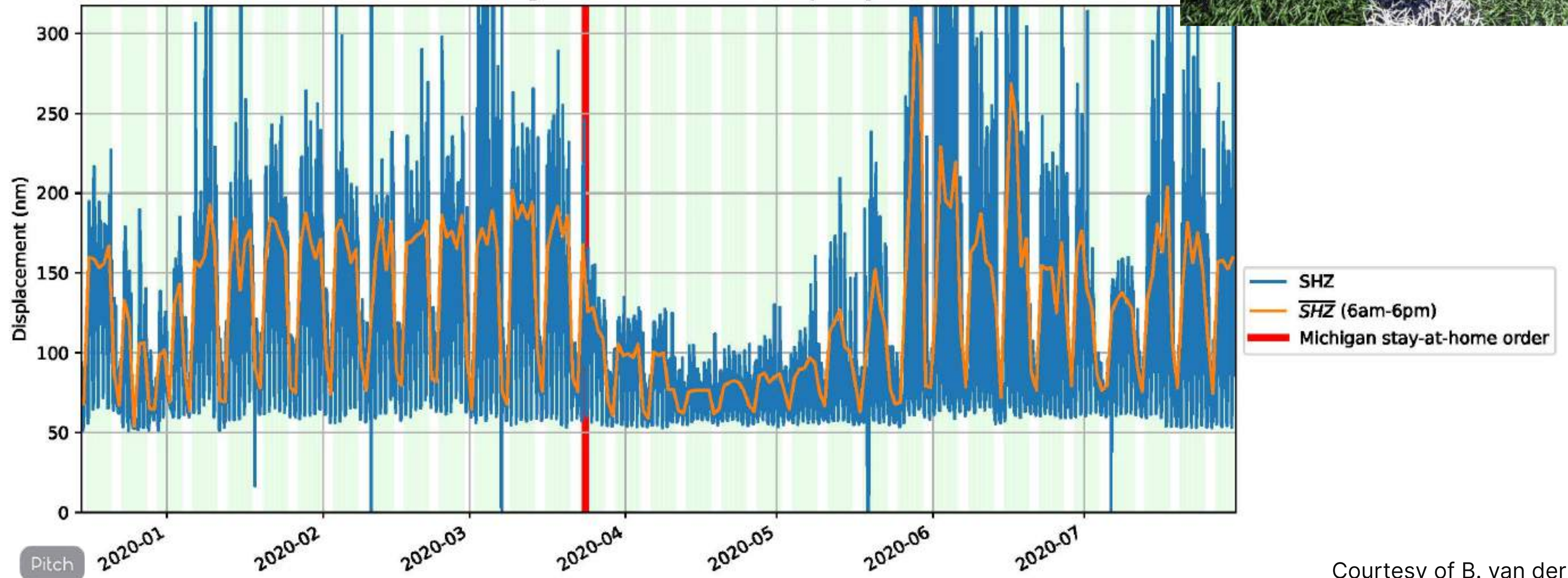
**WHAT ABOUT  
RASPISHAKES?**



# RASPBERRY SHAKES



Seismic Noise for AM.R10DC.00.SHZ - Filter: [4.0-14.0] Hz  
Seismic data from MichiganShake-DEES on the Raspberry Shake Network



Courtesy of B. van der Pluijm



# RASPBERRY SHAKES



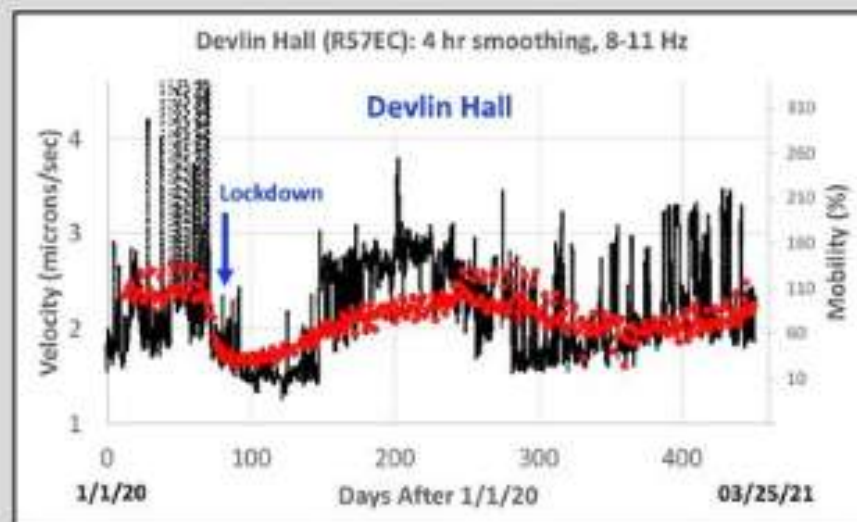
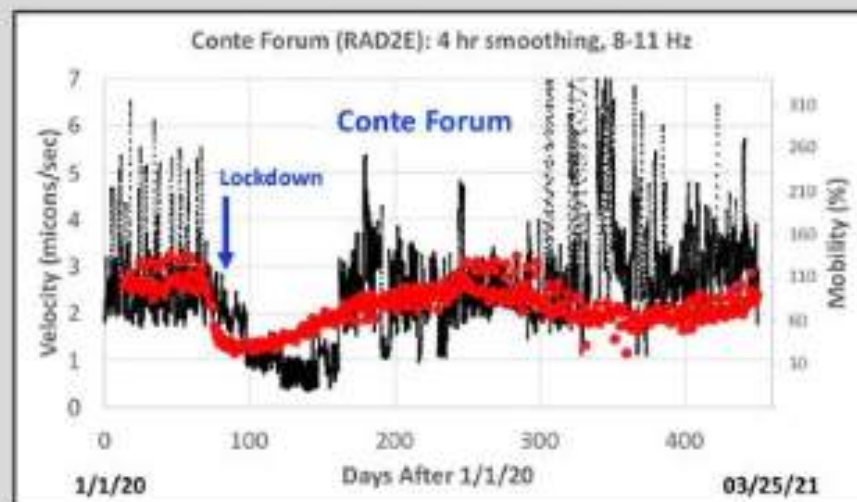
Alan Kafka

le 28 mars à 18:29 · 🌐

Is the "Anthropause" over?

Seismic noise at Boston College returns to pre-pandemic levels...  
(Updated to 3/25/21)

Anthropause: a global reduction in human activity correlated with COVID-19 lockdowns.



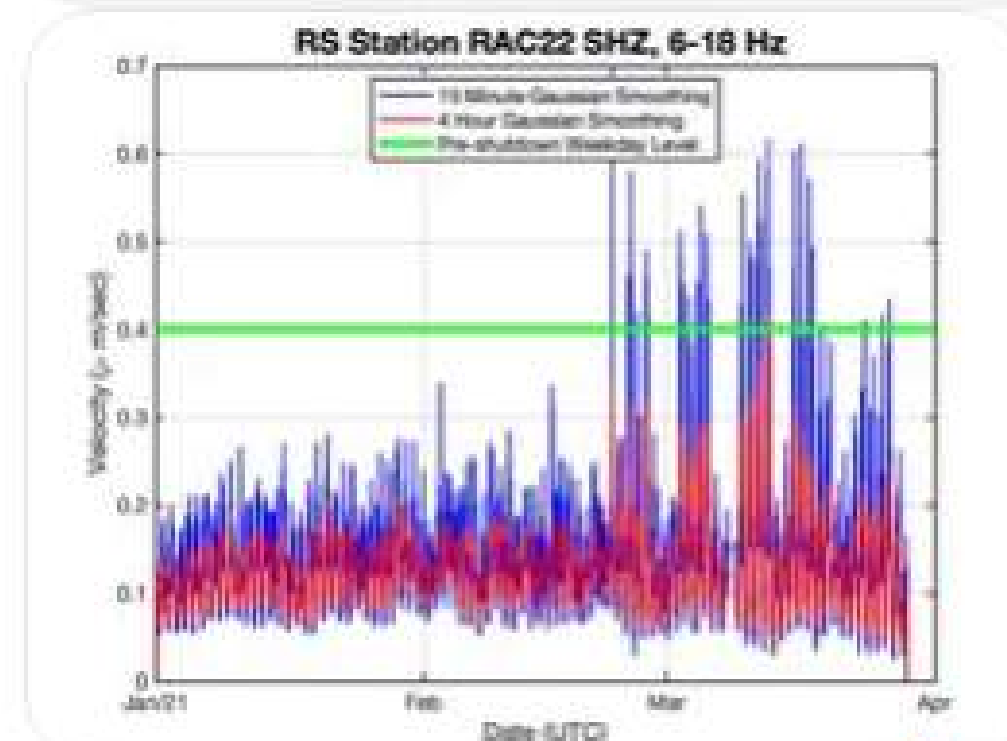
Seismic Data (black) Recorded  
with Raspberry Shake  
Seismograph and  
Processed with Matlab Software  
Developed by Jay Pulli

Mobility Data (red) from:  
[www.apple.com/  
covid19/mobility](https://www.apple.com/covid19/mobility)  
Average of  
Driving, Transit, and Walking



Jay Pulli

It's hard to disambiguate all the factors that go into the background noise here. We showed earlier that Route 66 was the major contributor. For the past three weeks nearby construction has been a contributor. But here are the data for Oakton, Virginia for 2021 so far.

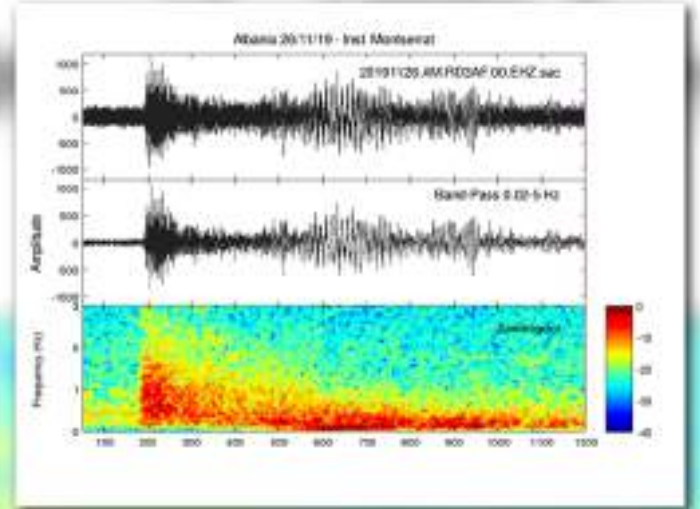
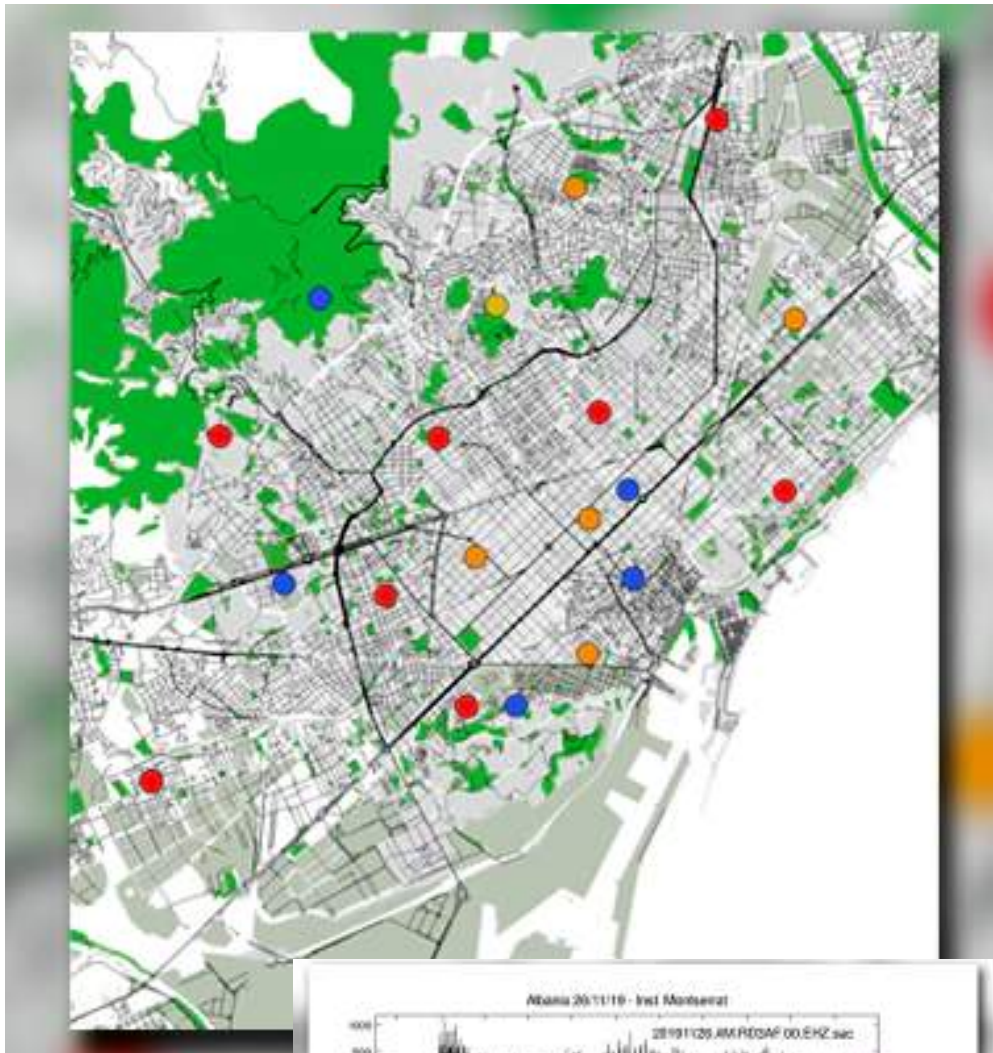


J'aime · Répondre · 1 sem





# RASPBERRY SHAKES & SEISMIC (NOISE) AS A TOOL FOR EDUCATION

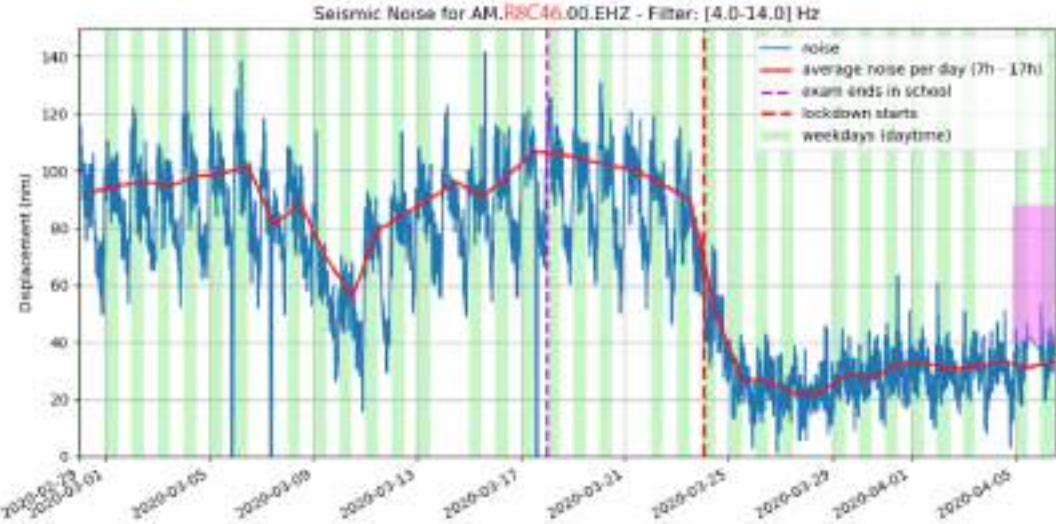


Diaz - Barcelona

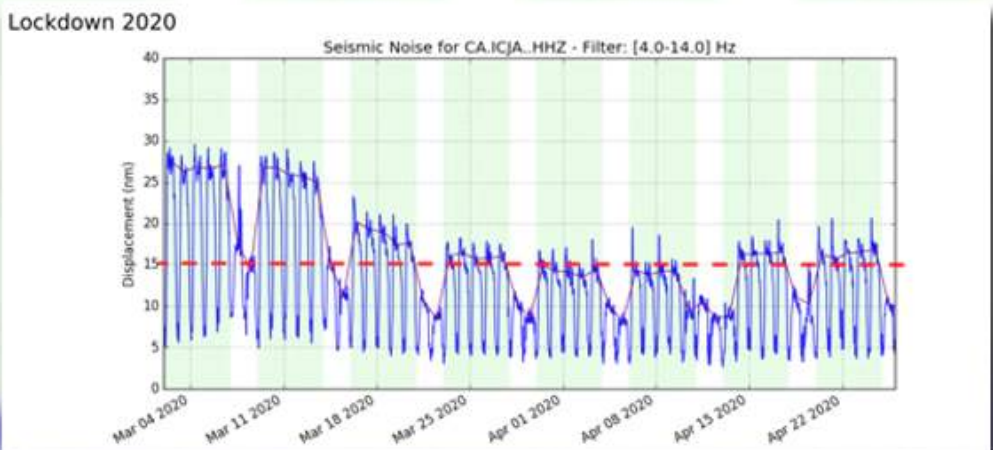
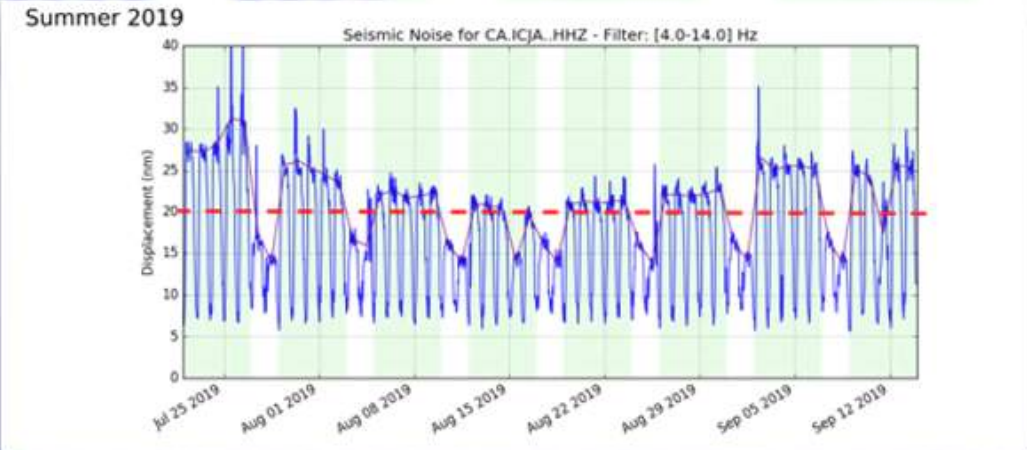
## Help Save People in Nepal from Big Earthquakes



<https://www.gofundme.com/f/help-save-people-in-nepal-from-big-earthquakes>



Subedi - Nepal





# SEISMIC (NOISE) AS A TOOL FOR EDUCATION

## Australian Seismometers in Schools – Noise monitoring dashboard



Louis Moresi

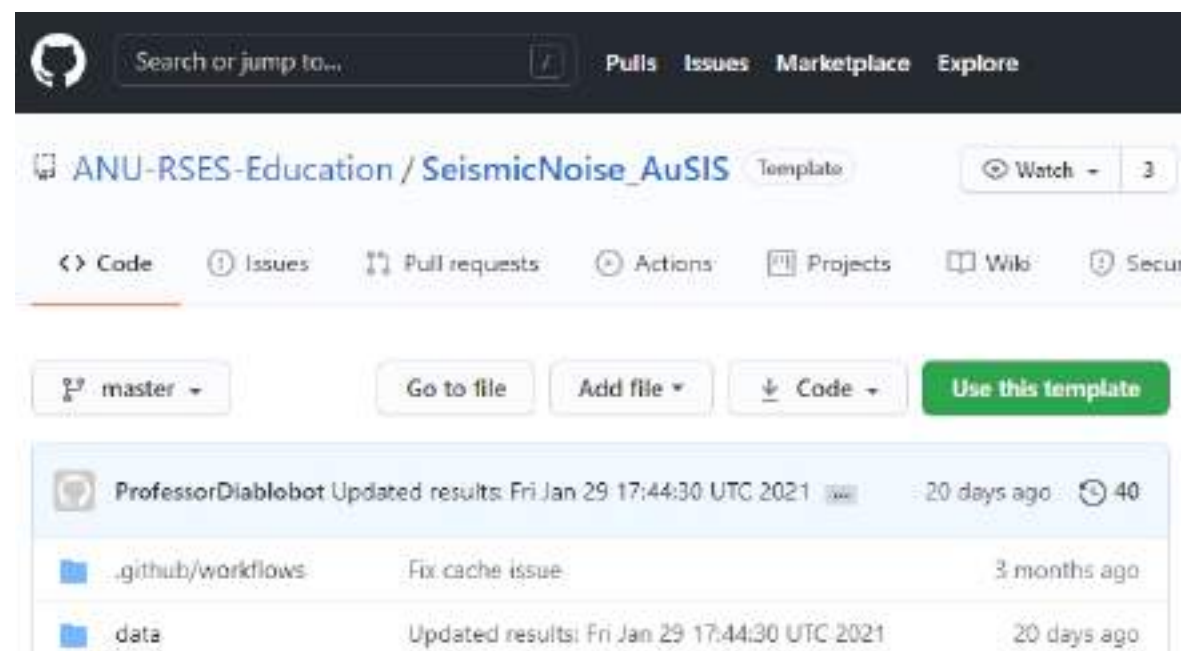
Published on 17 July 2020

Meghan S. Miller, *Australian National University* and Louis Moresi, *Australian National University*

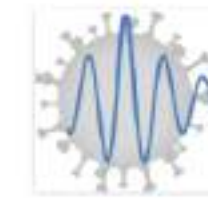
*How we built a simple dashboard using Github actions with [open source software](#) and [openly available \(FAIR\) data](#).*

We recently wrote an [article in The Conversation](#) that shows how the Australian Seismometers in schools network registers the pulse of Australian life through changes in the seismic noise spectrum measured in local schools.

The figures in the article show the signal from Christmas 2019 through to July 2020 and, like any publication of record, they are static. But the data continue to flow into the school seismometers, so every night we update those graphs automatically and you can see the version from last night here:



### Monitor My Lockdown Project and Web App



On 11 March 2020, the World Health Organization (WHO) declared COVID-19 a pandemic. Countries around the world rushed to declare various states of emergencies. Canada was no different. By 22 March 2020, all Canadian provinces and territories had enforced some forms of lockdowns, and the Canada-US border was shut.

Lockdowns are difficult decisions to make – politically and economically. Closing borders, grounding road, rail and air transport, closing schools, offices, entertainment and sports venues, and non-essential services come at a huge cost to individuals, businesses and society. But restricting human movements is essential to check the spread of the pandemic and ensure our health systems do not collapse.

### Measuring Reduction in Human Movements During the COVID-19 Lockdown Using Home-Built Instrument



I conceived "Monitor My Lockdown" in June 2020 when my school doors closed due to the COVID-19 lockdown. I wanted to measure the impact of the lockdowns in reducing movements of people. As a first step, I constructed an instrument with sensors and camera, and installed it in front of my home in downtown Toronto. For four weeks, it measured changes in street sound levels, city night lights, pollution levels, and traffic on the road and recorded a [30%-40% drop](#) in all them – a clear indicator that human activities were affected by the lockdown. But I was not satisfied.

I wanted to find out if there was a reduction in human movements across Canada because of the COVID-19 lockdown. As I could not install my instrument all over Canada, I had to think of another way.

### Measuring Reduction in Human Movements During the COVID-19 Lockdown Using Seismic Data

I knew the Geological Survey of Canada (GSC) operated a [Canada-wide network of seismic stations](#) to record ground motion because of the earthquakes. The data was collected continuously and available online for many of these stations. Seismographs are very sensitive instruments. This is the reason that seismic stations are purposefully built outside the cities so that they do not record city-related noises such as construction, transportation and other cultural noises. But in many cases, I could locate seismic stations close to major Canadian cities.

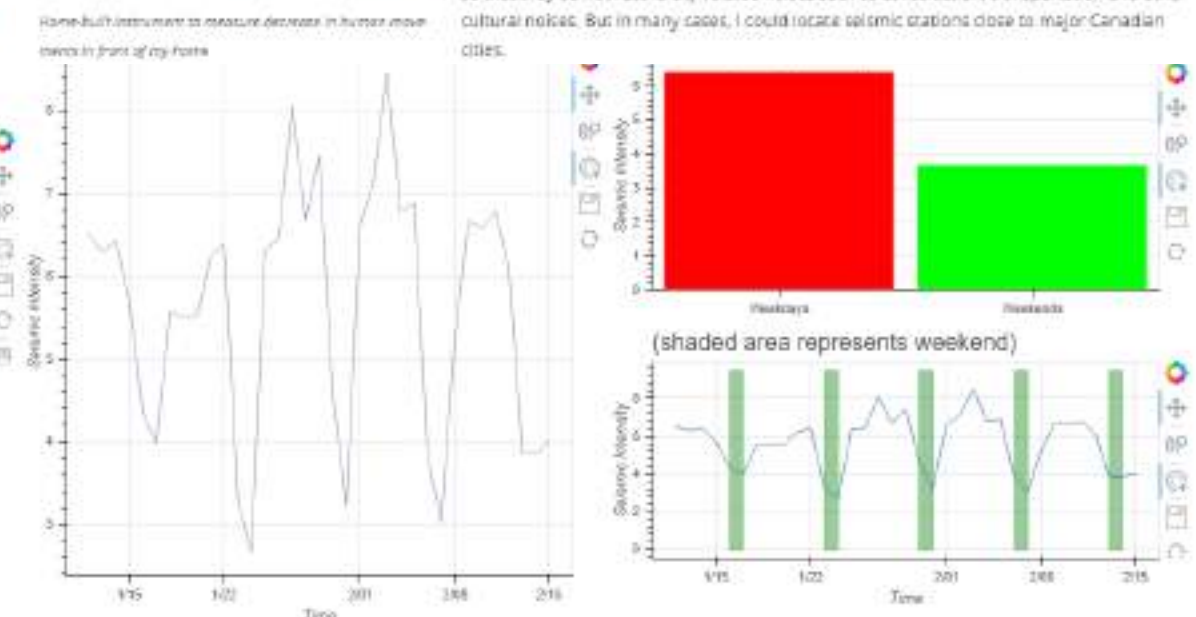
THE PROJECT | SURVEIL SEARCH OF CANADIAN CITIES | SEISMIC DATA



Choose city from the map: OTTAWA



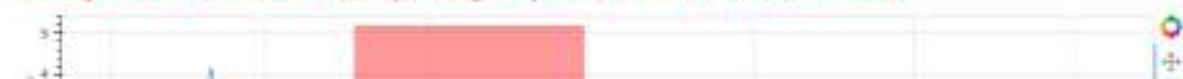
The Web App provides an update on how effective the lockdowns are in reducing human movements using data from seismic stations. It provides information on (1)



### Change in Seismic Activity for Transportation and Cultural Noises?

First Lockdown 15 Hz - 20 Hz

During the First Lockdown, Activity Changed by: -56.6% Since Pre-COVID Levels







# Raspberry Shake



Google Scholar

raspberry shake

About 15.700 results (0,04 sec)

## [HTML] Monitoring rockfalls with the Raspberry Shake

A Manconi, V Coviello, M Galletti... - Earth Surface ..., 2018 - esurf.copernicus.org

We evaluate the performance of the low-cost seismic sensor **Raspberry Shake** to identify and monitor rockfall activity in alpine environments. The test area is a slope adjacent to the Great Aletsch Glacier in the Swiss Alps, ie the Moosfluh deep-seated instability, which has ...

☆ 99 Cited by 10 Related articles All 9 versions >>

## [HTML] Do low-cost seismographs perform well enough for your network? An overview of laboratory tests and field observations of the OSOP Raspberry Shake 4D

RE Anthony, AT Ringler... - Seismological ..., 2019 - pubs.geoscienceworld.org

Seismologists have recently begun using low-cost nodal sensors in dense deployments to sample the seismic wavefield at unprecedented spatial resolution. Earthquake early warning systems and other monitoring networks (eg, wastewater injection) would also benefit from ...

☆ 99 Cited by 33 Related articles All 7 versions

## Raspberry shake-a world-wide citizen seismograph network

BC Christensen, JF Blanco Chia - AGU Fall Meeting ..., 2017 - ui.adsabs.harvard.edu

**Raspberry Shake** was conceived as an inexpensive plug-and-play solution to satisfy the need for universal, quick and accurate earthquake detections. First launched on Kickstarter's crowdfunding platform in July of 2016, the **Raspberry Shake** project was funded within hours ...

☆ 99 Cited by 4 Related articles

## Can a raspberry shake seismic network complement a national seismic network? A case study in Haiti

E Calais, D Boisson, S Symithe, R Momplaisir... - 2019 - authors.library.caltech.edu

Complex networks of high-tech sensors are tough to operate and maintain in developing countries—but new low-costs, low-maintenance instruments may help. Because they are “connected objects” they also provide new opportunities to engage the civil society in citizen ...

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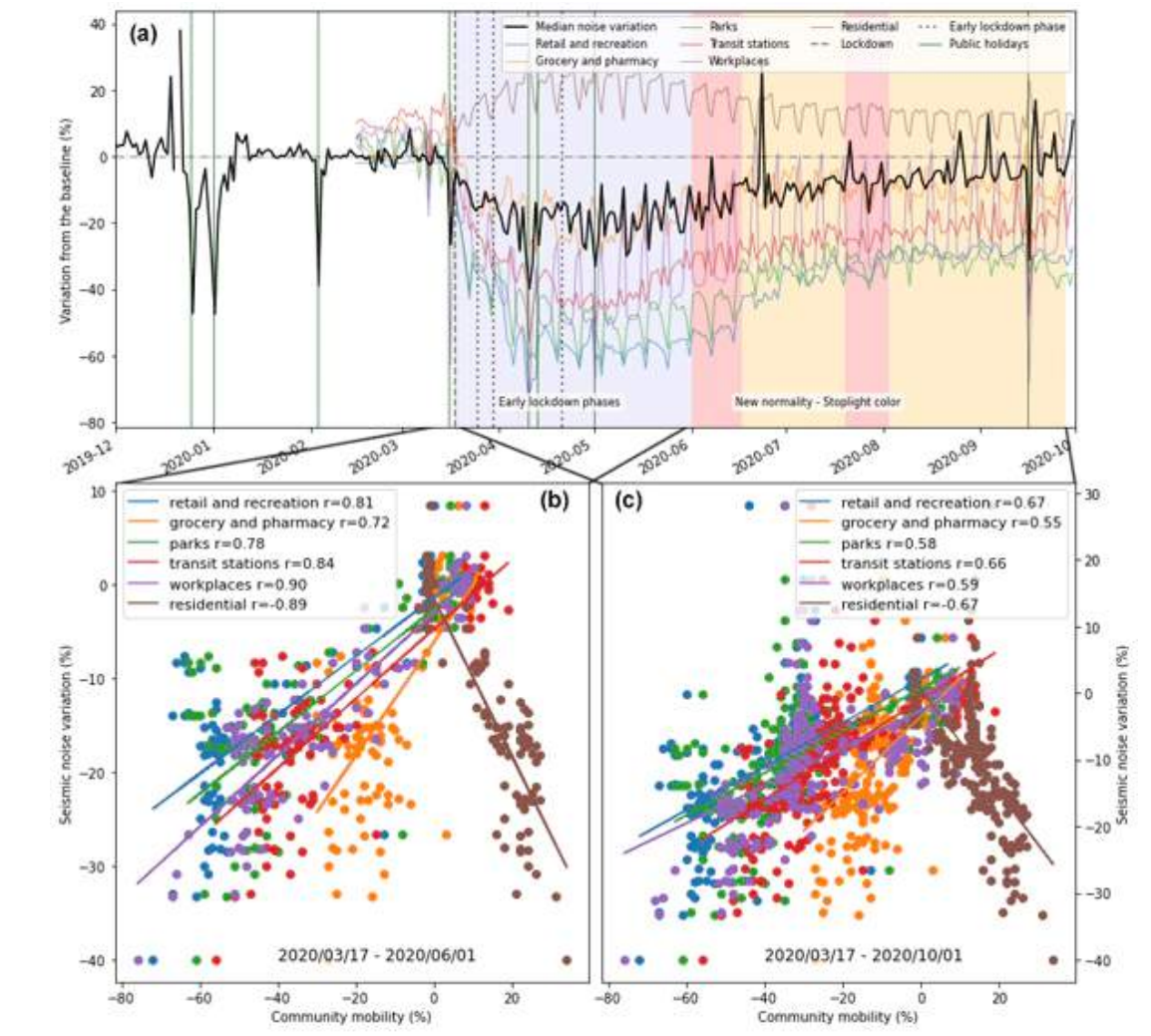
Manconi et al



Lamb et al



Chu et al



De Plaen et al

Pitch

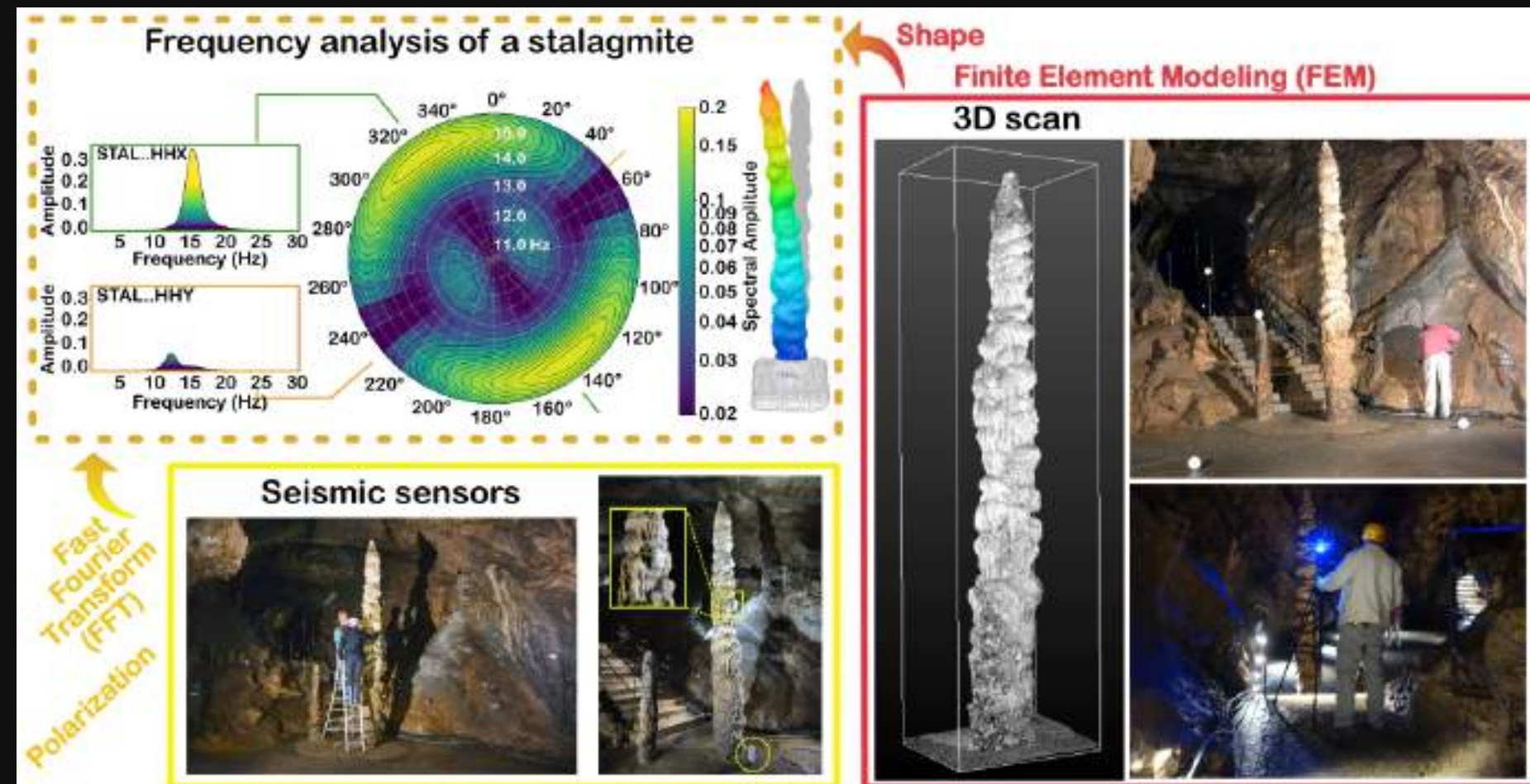
# USED BY PROS TOO



# USED BY US TOO, FINALLY!

## OBJECTIVE: STUDY STALAGMITE'S RESONANCE FREQUENCIES

### PHD PROJECT AURÉLIE MARTIN





A vertical photograph on the left side of the slide shows the silhouettes of a group of people standing and looking towards a bright sunset or sunrise. The sun is low on the horizon, creating a strong backlight effect and illuminating the scene with a warm, golden light. The silhouettes of the people are dark against the bright sky, and the branches of trees are visible in the upper left corner.

**AMATEURS  
OR  
PROFESSIONALS**

**ONE  
COMMUNITY**





**IF YOU'RE A SEISMOLOGIST,  
RAISE YOUR HANDS!**





**CITIZENS ARE SCIENTISTS  
HACKERS ARE SCIENTISTS  
CHILDREN ARE SCIENTISTS**

**BUT SOMETIMES,  
SCIENTISTS FORGET  
THEY ARE  
CITIZENS, HACKERS,  
AND WERE  
CHILDREN, TOO**



**THERE ARE MANY WAYS  
TO ENGAGE WITH THE  
COMMUNITY**

PASSION LED US HERE



**RULE #1**

**BE OPEN**







# SHARE

**KNOWLEDGE  
CODES  
DATA  
RESULTS  
FAILURES  
TIME  
IDEAS**

*and donuts*





# DARE

## OVERPASSING OLDSCHOOL CODES



A young evergreen tree, possibly a spruce or fir, stands prominently in the center of the frame. It is surrounded by a dense forest of similar trees, with the background being out of focus. The lighting is soft, suggesting a misty or overcast day. The overall color palette is dominated by various shades of green and dark, muted tones.

**BECAUSE IN THE END  
WHAT'S IMPORTANT**

**IS THAT SCIENCE MOVES FORWARD**



*We dedicate this community-led study to all essential workers who have kept  
our countries going during these difficult times*



"We are extremely grateful to all seismic network managers, operators, and technicians who have helped facilitate the raw  
global seismic dataset.

We also kindly acknowledge all of the passionate community seismologists for running their “home” seismometers and  
contributing, indirectly, to a better understanding of Earth."

**Thank you for your attention**

**#StayHome**

**#ShareKnowledge**

**#OnePlanetOneCommunity**



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